The Hong Kong Daily Press.

No. 3889 號九十八百三千三第 日二廿日七 年辰戊治同 HONGKONG, TUESDAY, 8TH SEPTEMBER, 1868. 二十四 號八月九英 港香 [PRICE $2½ PER MONTH

Insurances.

DE COSTERLING SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BATAVIA.

SAMARANG SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAMARANG.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong, for the above-named Companies, are prepared to grant Policies against Fire Risks on the usual terms.

SIEMSSEN & Co.

tf 1676 Hongkong, 3rd August, 1866.

Business Announcements.

PATERSON & HANDLEY, HOUSE & SHIP PLUMBERS, COPPER and ZINC WORKERS, and GAS FITTERS, 16, *Queen's Road West*, And ACHEONG'S YARD, *Praya West*.

tf 2255 Hongkong, 1st October, 1867

PRIVATE BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT, AT MESSRS. T. HART & CO., *No. 3, Queen's Road East*. Close to the Parade Ground.

Charges very moderate.

tf 1188 Hongkong, 10th August, 1868.

JAPAN TIMES OVERLAND MAIL AND *PACIFIC MAIL EXTRA*.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. having been appointed Agents for the two above-named Newspapers, are prepared to receive orders and subscriptions for the same.

The price of the *Overland Mail*, is $12 per Annum; of the *Pacific Mail Extra*, $3 per Annum, to subscribers to the *Overland Mail*, and $6 to non-subscribers. Subscriptions are in all cases payable in advance, and no charge is made for postage.

tf 2816 Hongkong, 4th December, 1867.

JOHN THOMPSON & Co. DISPENSING & ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, AND SODA WATER MANUFACTURERS.

Ships medicine chests supplied and refitted.

INTERNATIONAL DISPENSARY, 23, *Wellington Street*, HONGKONG.

tf 886 Hongkong, 11th May, 1868.

PRICKLY HEAT. THOMPSON'S Non-poisonous Lotion for Prickly Heat and Mosquito Bites, is guaranteed to give instantaneous relief.—Price $1. To be had only at the INTERNATIONAL DISPENSARY, 23, *Wellington Street*, Hongkong.

JOHN THOMPSON & Co.

tf 887 Hongkong, 11th May, 1868.

THE EMPORIUM OF FASHION NEW TONSORIAL SALOON.

THE Undersigned beg to notify their Friends, and other European Residents of Hongkong, also to the commanders and officers of the Navy and Mercantile Marine, that they have Removed their establishments to Mansion's Hotel, next door to the Hongkong Dispensary, where those who honor them with their Patronage will always find them ready to give every attention.

The rooms are on the first-floor, the one used for Cutting Hair and Shaving, &c., is fitted up with two Elegant chairs. The great attraction of this room is a Magnificent Black Walnut Washstand, topped with Massive Marble, with a newly invented Shampoo Shower; this is a novelty, and one which will conduce materially to the comfort to Patrons of this Establishment, and is also fitted with all the essentials which comfort and advance of the time render necessary; it is the most complete in this colony, well Lit and Ventilated, and has been pronounced by those who have visited the Rooms, Complete and Elegant.

LIST OF PRICES.

Hair Cutting	50 Cents.
Shaving	25 "
Shampooing	50 "

Mr. WHEELER will be prepared to call at the residence of any Lady or Gentleman requiring his services, who may find it inconvenient to visit the establishment, on receipt of a chit to that effect.

Thanking you for past favors, and trusting to meet with a renewal of the same,

We have the honor to remain, Sir,
Yours very obediently,
F. A. WHEELER,
AND
J. EUZEBRE.

tf 1166 Hongkong, 24th June, 1868.

WING-KEE COAL SHOP.

THE Proprietor of Wing-kee Shop begs to inform the Public that his Shop had been established since 1855, at *Endicott's Lane*, and that he has always a great quantity of Best COAL in store for Sale. Gentlemen or Shipmasters wishing to patronize him, are requested to apply at his Shop.

tf 401 Hongkong, 27th February, 1868.

TERS.

Tons.	Flag & Rig.	Guns.	Men.	Consignees.	Destination.
				WHAMPOA.	
				Sailing Vessels.	
arron	Brit.	bk	448	Borneo Co. Limited.	River Plate
Cuer	Brit.	bk	449	Jardine, Matheson & Co	
ernac	N. G.	sch		Wm. Pustan & Co	
ndia	Brit.	ba	299	A. G. Hogg & Co.	Bonkan
arret	Brit.	bk	291	Chinese	
ewick	Brit.	bg	191	Sampson, Hulcover & Co	Lot Un
Gang	Brit.	bg	193	Ellis, Lesingh & Co	
Ostein	N. G.	bg	231	Bourjea, Hulcover & Co	
Ida	Brit.	bk	341	Imbault Karberg & Co	
gwan	N. G.	bg	216	E. Schelhaas & Co	
ndsor	Brit.	bg	400	D. Lapraik & Co	London
Hall	Am.	sch	298	Olyphant & Co	New York
ilkiran	Brit.	sh	715	D. Lapraik & Co	London
ilver	Brit.	bk	355	Russell & Co	
Kiloe	Brit.	bk	302	Gilford & Co.	
arcelo	Brit.	bk	362	Cockerill & Co	Saigon
Ohio	Brit.	bk	258	Siemssen & Co	London
rmans	N. G.	bg	226	Wm. Pustan & Co	
				MACAO.	
	Port.	bg		Order	*Incertain*
	Port.	bk		Order	*Incertain*
Eulos	Amer.	str	322	Aug. Heard & Co	*For Sale*
Sally	Am.	sch	366	Jardine, Matheson & Co	
ernock	Fren.	str	726	Lanfalette & Co	
Nilos	Amer.	str	149	Fox, Hunt & Co	
Peru	Amer.	str		Rice, Hunt & Co	
Bulle	Ital.	sh		Order	
				Running between Canton and Macao.	
Wales	N. G.	str	212	Siemssen & Co	Shanghai, &c.
Samuel	H.E.I.C.M.	gb			
Margaret	H.E.I.C.M.	gb		Customs Chop.	
Perth	H.E.I.C.M.	str			Shanghai
Bride	Amer.	str	742	Olyphant & Co.	
Queen	H.E.I.C.M.	gb			
Greville	H.E.I.C.M.	gb			Shai, Chefoo, &c.
Clark	Brit.	str	176	Aug. Heard & Co	
				SWATOW.	
				To port on 1st September, 1867.	
Spite	Brit.	bk		Chinese	Shanghai
Prince	Brit.	bk		Bradley & Co	Manila
Caden	Brit.	bk		Chinese	Manila
Lord N.	G.	bk		Dicks & Co	Pacific
Brave	Dan.	bg		Chinese	Shanghai
Lowdi	N. G.	bk		Dicks & Co	*Uncertain*
Dawn	Amer.	bk		Chinese	Shanghai
Rohe	N. G.	bk		Dicks & Co	*Uncertain*
Rosa	N. G.	bk		Dicks & Co	*Uncertain*
Cavid	Brit.	bk		Chinese	Shanghai
Serra	N. G.	bk		Dicks & Co	*Uncertain*
Deyden	Brit.	bk		Chinese	Shanghai
Jasper	Brit.	bk		Dicks & Co	Great Britain
Sappho	Brit.	bk		Dicks & Co	*Uncertain*
Tweed	Brit.	bk		G. Vicent	Great Brit ain
				FOOCHOW.	
				To port on 23rd August, 1868.	
Pensel	Brit.	bk	230	Jardine, Matheson & Co	Australia
Sancus	Brit.	bk	305	Olyphant & Co	Australia
Spring	Brit.	bk	322	Aug. Heard & Co	Australia
Lord	Brit.	bk	369	Aug. Heard & Co	Australia
Leah	Brit.	bk	249	Aug. Heard & Co	Australia
Kowloon	Brit.	sh	1111	Gilman & Co	Shanghai
Isaac	N. G.	bk	211	Siemssen & Co	Australia
Rosamond	Brit.	bk	250	Jardine, Matheson & Co	London
Chester	Brit.	bk	173	Reiss & Co	Australia
Golden	Brit.	sch	196	E. Schellhaas & Co	America
Julia	Brit.	sch	190	E. Hoe & Co	Swatow
Shalder	Brit.	ba	196	Russian Shipping & Co	Australia
Hellas	Brit.	ss	675	Russian Shipping & Co	London
Moses	Brit.	sh	168	Scott, Livingston & Co	London
Grace	N. G.	bg	192	Russell & Co	Australia
Lewis	Brit.	bk	164	Order	*Uncertain*
Duke	Brit.	bk	257	Order	*Uncertain*
Gange	Brit.	sh	429	Order	*Uncertain*
Rosina	Brit.	bk	400	Jardine, Matheson & Co	London

For the proprietor, by W. H. BELL, Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

Arrivals.

Sept. 6, PERU, Brit. bk., 388, Barcoan from Whampoa.—CARLOWITZ & Co.

Sept. 7, CHINA, Brit. str., 1314, Steward, Bombay, 21st August, Galle, 26th, and Singapore, 2nd September, Opium and General.—P. & O. Co.

Sept. 7, JAPAN, Amer. str., 4,352, G. E. Lane, San Francisco, 3rd August, Yokohama, and Yokosco, 1st September, General.—P. M. S. S. Co.

Departures.

Sept. 7, FORMOSA, str., for Shanghai.
Sept. 7, MEKONG, for Shanghai.
Sept. 7, GAZELLE, for Tientsin.
Sept. 8, ELLORA, str., for Whampoa.

Clearances.

AT THE HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE, SEPTEMBER 7TH.

Pactole, for Macao.
Matilda, for Tientsin.

Passengers.

Per China, str.—

For Hongkong: Capt. Raby, R.N., Messrs W. Wratten, R.N., C. Price, C. Stewart, and J. Lyon. For Shanghai: Mr. Von Kloh. For Yokohama: Mr. C. H. Walker.

Per P.M.S.S. *Japan*, from San Francisco, &c.—For Yokohama: Messrs. A. Kollberg, Jno. A. Laub, H. O'Kada, F. Asinya, J. M. Reynvaan, Wm. L. A. Beardslee, J. L. Mayers, N. Dana, M. G. Gill, Kendon, King. For Shanghai: Mr. J. Ross Browne (U.S. Minister to *China*), and family, Rev. S. W. Thompson, Messrs. Alfred Allen, Crawford McCarty, F. Von Hochtofen, J. B. Walker, A. H. Anderson, and S. Dalrymple. For Nagasaki: Mr. Urke Von Kretchdor. For Hongkong: Messrs. David Petrie, Wm. Marshall, Miss Nellie Heald, and Mr. Hugh Crayton, and 248 Chinese in steerage. From Yokohama for Hongkong: Messrs. J. H. Mitchell, J. Smedley, and 15 Chinese in steerage.

Reports.

The P. M. S. S. steamer *Japan*, Geo. E. Lane, Commander, left San Francisco, 3rd August, at 8.40 A.M. Arrived at Yokohama 26th August, at 9 A.M. Time of passage, 21 days, 20 hours, 20 minutes. From that port sent to Yokosco to land two spare shafts for the steamers. Left Yokosco 1st September, at 6 A.M. Arrived here 7th September, at 11.40 A.M. Time of passage: 6 days, 5 hours, 40 minutes. Had fine weather down, after leaving Van Diemen's Straits. One death among Chinese passengers, embalmed the body and brought it to this port.

List of Consignees of freight per S. S. *Japan*, from San Francisco 3rd August, 1868:—

TREASURE.—1 Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, 2 Yee-we-chong & Co., 3 Lun-wo-jan, 3 Kwong-cheng-long, 1 Chong-woo, 1 Lee-ping, 1 Yee-ova & Co., 7. The Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 2 Tung-tak, 1 Chun-chong-wing, 1 Fook-on-wo & Co., 1 Ling-wan, 1 Chong-yuen, 1 Sun-chong-chan A Co., 1 Kwong-yee-loy, 1 Wing-moo-chong & Co., 1 Ping-sin-cheng & Co., 1 Wing-chong-cut & Co., 1 Lun-wo-jan & Co., 1 Wing-chong-cut & Co., 1 Quan-yee-goo, 1 Quong-sein-cheong, 1 Wing-chong-cut & Co., 8. Jardine, Matheson & Co., 1 Beahan.

FREIGHT.—4 Lee-ping, 1 G. Fuller, G. Volhardt, 101 Kongwan-ching, (1 Parcel Augusta Heard & Co., 1 B. W. Sanders & Co., 1 P. P. Dierde Freres 1 John M. Middleton) 54 Order, 112 Fook-chung-ong, 10 Hung-ins-chong, 1 N. Boyer, 1 horse J. Russell, 7 Chong-Chung, 1 W. M. Olmstead, 70 Olyphant & Co., 2 A. Heard & Co., 1 E. C. Saniter, Amoy, 1 S. E. Burrows, 1 Jardine, Matheson & Co., 1 Russell & Co., 10 Arnhold, Karberg & Co., 1 De Silver & Co., 1 Wm. N. Olmstead, 1 A. Allen, 22 Order, 2218 Fung-tuk, 1 Cum-cook-yuen, 30 Fook-on-wo 194 Gun-chong-chan & Co., 140 Yee-wong-cheong, 80 Kwong-cheong-long, 1030 Kwong-choong-long, 111 Beaton Jack, 123 Order, 4 E. W. Stevens, 4 Russell & Co., 10 Olyphant & Co., 21 Lane, Crawford & Co., 1182 Oriental Bank Corporation, 1 Wo-kee-chaw, 54 Kwong-wo-sing.

Auction Sales To-day.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.
Sundry Articles.

NOW READY

BOUND VOLUMES of the TRADE REPORT for the year 1867. Price $10.
Apply at the *Daily Press* Office.

BARNARD AND CO., GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS, MANILA. [1120 Jy1

MULLER & CHAUSSEN beg to inform the public of Hongkong, that having engaged the services of an Experienced European Cutter for their Outfitting Department, they are now fully prepared to execute all orders connected with this department with punctuality and dispatch.

tf 1543 Hongkong, 17th August, 1868.

NOW READY,
AT THE
OFFICE OF THE "*DAILY PRESS*."
PART THIRD,
OF A NEW
ANGLO-CHINESE DICTIONARY, QUARTO
BY THE
REV. W. LOBSCHEID.

THIS WORK was commenced in November, 1864, and will be completed towards the end of 1868, comprising in all 2,000 large quarto pages. Much care has been bestowed on the work to render it useful, both to the Merchant and to the Student of the Chinese and English languages. Articles of Trade, Objects of Natural History, and the articles to be obtained in the Chinese Market are given with their Chinese equivalents.

The work is offered in boards. The best Bookbinding Establishment in China being connected with this Office, parties desirous of having their copies strongly or elegantly bound will please to intimate the same.

Missionaries supplied at Trade Price.

Daily Press Office, Hongkong.

NOTICE.

THE Office of the "WANCHI STEAM BAKERY," is removed to the Store of Messrs. MACEWEN & Co., where all orders addressed "WANCHI STEAM BAKERY," will be promptly attended to.

Fancy BISCUIT and CAKE constantly on hand.

L. P. WARD,
Proprietor.

3m 1679 Hongkong, 4th September, 1868.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned, having purchased the Interest of the WANCHI STEAM BAKERY, begs to notify the Public of Hongkong and Shipmasters that he is prepared to furnish Daily Supplies of Soft BREAD, in various forms, to any part of the Colony.

Also, SHIP BREAD, of best quality and at low rates, constantly on hand, or baked in quantities at short notice.

Also, WINE, BUTTER, SODA and SUGAR BISCUITS, by the Barrel, Tin or Pound.

Also, CORN and EGG MEAL, HOMINY, CORN STARCH, BICARB. SODA, SALERATUS, and CREAM OF TARTAR.

FLOUR of best Brands constantly on hand, supplied by the Barrel, Bag, Tin or Pound.

CAKE of all kinds baked to order.

The above is under the Superintendence of Mr. JONATHAN PARSONS, and all orders forwarded to him, at the Bakery—or left at Messrs. MACEWEN & Co.'s, will receive prompt attention.

L. P. WARD.

6m 1559 Hongkong, 4th September, 1868.

Banks.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
Incorporated by National Decrees of 7th and 8th May, 1848, and by Imperial Decree of 27th July, 1854, and 31st December, 1866.

RECOGNISED BY THE INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION OF 30TH APRIL, 1862.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL,—
France 80,000,000.—$3,200,000.

CAPITAL PAID-UP,—
France 70,000,000.—$2,800,000.

Capital to be paid-up, 15th September, 1868,—
Francs 10,000,000.—$400,000.

RESERVE FUND,—
Francs 20,000,000.—$800,000.

LONDON BANKERS—
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

HEAD OFFICE: 14, RUE BERGERE, PARIS.
AGENCIES AT LONDON, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, SAIGON, SAINT DENIS, (ILE DE LA REUNION,) AND YOKOHAMA.

HONGKONG AGENCY.

THIS BANK issues Drafts on its Paris Head Office, on the UNION BANK OF LONDON, and on its Agencies in London, Bombay, Calcutta, Shanghai, Bourbon, Saigon, and Yokohama, and on the principal places of Commerce on the Continent of Europe, India, America, China, Australia, &c.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, upon which no Commission is charged, and no Interest allowed.

BILLS on Europe, India, America, Australia, &c., &c., are purchased or remitted for collection.

LOCAL BILLS discounted, and LOANS granted on Merchandize, &c., &c.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available for the purchase of Merchandize in all parts of the World, on terms to be ascertained on application to the Manager.

E. DELBANCO,
Manager.

Offices in Hongkong:—
BANK BUILDINGS, QUEEN'S ROAD.

Hongkong, April, 1868. [720

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL—5,000,000 of Dollars.

Court of Directors:—
Chairman—GEORGE J. HELLAND Esq.
Deputy Chairman—GEORGE F. HEARD, Esq.

W. R. Rhodes, Esq.	A. Joss, Esq.
Sir D. Sassoon, Bart.	James P. Dunsmuir, Esq.
William Lemman, Esq.	Richard Rowett, Esq.
Julius Mosle, Esq.	R. H. Sullivan, Esq.
James S. Taylor, Esq.	

Managers:—
Hongkong—Victor Kresser, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Shanghai—David McLean, Esq.

London Bankers—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.
INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum on the daily balances.
On Fixed Deposits:—
6 " 3 " " " " "
12 " 5 " " " " "
LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.
Credits—granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts—granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.
VICTOR KRESSER, *Chief Manager*,
Offices of the Corporation,
No. 1, Queen's Road East.

tf 1062 Hongkong, 21st August, 1868

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON & CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
CAPITAL PAID-UP £750,000.
With power to increase to £1,500,000.
Reserve Fund, £145,962 14s. 8d.
Head-Office—No. 65, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.
George Garden Nicol, Esq.—*Chairman*.
Donald Larnack, Esq.
George May, Esq.
Sir Frederick J. Halliday.
James M. Robertson, Esq.
Ellis James Gilman, Esq.
David Trail Robertson, Esq.—*Chief-Manager*.

LONDON BANKERS.
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank.

AUDITORS.
Messrs. Clarke, Sons, & Hawkins, Coleman St.

AUDITORS.
Messrs. Coleman, Turquand, Young & Co., Public Accountants.
J. Smith, Esq., of Messrs. W. Nicol & Co., Bombay.
James Joseph Mackenzie, Esq., late of Messrs. Dent & Co., China.

Branches and Agencies:
Bombay.
Calcutta.
Madras.
Ceylon { Colombo. Kandy. Galle.
Singapore.
Penang.
Rooichow.
Shanghai.
Yokohama.
Hankow.
Mauritius.
Saigon.
Batavia.

EDINBURGH DEPOSIT AGENCY, 123, George Street.
CHARLES PEARSON, Esq., C.A.—Agent.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

Current Deposits.—Accounts are kept on which no interest is allowed and no charge made for collecting Bills, Cheques, &c.

Fixed Deposits—As received viz:—
Repayable at 12 months .....3% per annum.
" at 8 " .....5% per annum.

The Bank discounts Local Bills, and Notes payable in Hongkong having at least two approved names unconnected in general partnership, and makes advances on approved Banking Securities.

Exchange.

The Bank issues drafts on its London Office, and on the London Joint Stock Bank at four months' sight, also on its Branches above; and Agents in Scotland, Ireland, Melbourne, Sydney, and Towns in Australia, New Zealand, &c., and grants Circular Notes for the use of travellers negotiable in all Towns of importance throughout the world.

Bills payable in Europe or in any of the above mentioned places are purchased or remitted for collection.

Further information as to the rules of business may be obtained at the office, or on application by letter to the Manager.

Office hours:—10 to 3. Saturday 10 to 1.

WILLIAM JACKSON, *Manager*.

2, Queen's Road, 24th July, 1867.

SHANGHAI STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

NOTICE.

HOLDERS of Certificates of Shares in the SHANGHAI STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, are requested to send them to the Agents of the Company, to be replaced by Receipts representing the amount of the old shares, and the stock dividend added, pending the issue of New Share Certificates.

ROWLEY MILLER,
Secretary and Auditor.

tf 420 Shanghai, 24th February, 1868.

Banks.

THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, *30th August*, 1851.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, £1,500,000.
RESERVED FUND, £444,000.
Court of Directors.
Harry George Gordon, Esq., Chairman.
George Arbuthnot, Esq.
James Blyth, Esq.
Duncan James Kay, Esq.
J. Binny Kay, Esq.
Alexander Mackenzie, Esq.
Lestock Robert Reid, Esq.
James Walker, Esq.
Charles J. F. Stuart, Esq., Chief-Manager.

Bankers.
The Bank of England.
The Union Bank of London.
Agents in Scotland.
National Bank of Scotland.
Commercial Bank of Scotland.
Agent in Edinburgh:
R. Dundas Gay,
23, St. Andrew's Square, Edinburgh.
Agents in Ireland.
Provincial Bank of Ireland.
The National Bank.
Head Office.
Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.
Branches and Agencies.
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, PONDICHERRY, RURNACHEE, COLOMBO, POINT DE GALLE, MAURITIUS, MELBOURNE, SYDNEY, SINGAPORE, FOOCHOW, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

The Corporation receive Money on Deposit repayable on Demand, upon which no Interest is allowed. Current accounts are kept with Firms and Individuals, free of Commission.

Money is also received on Fixed Deposit, repayable at Twelve, Six, and Three Months' notice. Rates of interest may be known on application either at the office of the Corporation or by letter addressed to the Manager.

Notice of withdrawal may be given at the time of deposit.

The Corporation discount Bills and Notes payable in Hongkong, having at least two approved names unconnected in general partnership, and they advance upon Bullion and Merchandize, not of a perishable nature, in the custody of the Bank.

Exchange.

The Corporation grant Drafts on the Bank of England payable on demand, on the Union Bank of London at Four or Six Months' sight, and on the Head office at shorter sight.

Circular Notes for the use of Travellers are issued, negotiable in all places of importance throughout the world.

Drafts are granted on the several Branches and Agencies of the Corporation, as above, at the Exchange of the day, and on the proper address being furnished will be forwarded direct to the Payees by the Corporation.

Bills payable in Europe or in any of the above places are purchased or remitted for collection.

Approved Bills payable in San Francisco are also purchased by the Corporation, and drafts granted, at rates of exchange equivalent to those ruling on London.—Bills of Exchange on San Francisco, or the Atlantic Ports, will likewise be remitted for collection, at the option of Constituents.

All cheques or orders to be made payable to "The Oriental Bank Corporation."

Information as to the rules of business may be had at the Office, or on application by letter to the Manager.

Office hours 10 to 3, Saturday 10 to 1.

JAMES BEHWICK, *Acting Manager*.

249 Hongkong, 1st January, 1867.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE DIVIDEND declared for the half-year ended 30th June last, at the rate of Twelve per cent. per annum, say $7.50 per paid-up Share of $125, and $1.50 per Share on which $25 have been paid, is payable at the Offices of the Corporation, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.

By order of the Court of Directors.

VICTOR KRESSER,
Chief Manager.

tf 1327 Hongkong, 14th August, 1868.

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ordinary half-yearly Meeting of the Shareholders in this Society will be held at the Head Office, Hongkong, on the 21st day of September proximo, at three o'clock P.M., for the purpose of receiving the report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts to 30th June, 1868. After which an Extraordinary Meeting will be held, in conformity with rule 77 of the Articles of Association, to take into consideration the advisability of converting the Society into a three years' Office. Non-resident Shareholders will please send their Proxies to the Secretary, or their duly authorized Agents in Hongkong.

By order of the Board of Directors.

ROBT. WATMORE,
Secretary.

863 1542 Hongkong, 17th August, 1868.

HONGKONG LIGHTERING AND STORAGE COMPANY.

THE above Company are now prepared to LAND or SHIP CARGO in First-class Boats, and to take the entire discharge of ships, by contract. Also, to store Goods in First-class Granite Godowns, at moderate rates.

J. S. HOOK, SON & Co.,
Managers.

tf 2950 Hongkong, 18th December, 1867.

NOTICE.

ORIENTAL BOWLING ALLEYS AND BILLIARD ROOMS.

THE undersigned begs to inform his patrons and the public, that the above Alleys and Rooms, notwithstanding the late Fire at Messrs. Fawcett & Co.'s, are open for those who may favor him with their patronage.

DAVID BROWN,
Proprietor.

1m 1610 Hongkong, 26th August, 1868.

NOTICE.

THE Office of the undersigned has this day been REMOVED to No. 29, *Wyndham Street*, 4 doors west of the German Club.

STOREY, SON & SMEDLEY,
Architects, &c.

3m 1600 Hongkong, 25th August, 1868.

NOTICE.

THE Office of the Agency of P. M. S. S. COMPANY is REMOVED to *Praya West*, next door below HANSON MASTER'S Office.

GEO. F. BOWMAN,
Agent.

tf 2484 Hongkong, 29th October, 1867.

REMOVAL.

THE Undersigned have REMOVED their Stock of Shipchandlery, Lamps, and General Merchandize, to the *Praya* front of their *Queen's Road* Premises.

DE SILVER & Co.

tf 1114 Hongkong, 16th June, 1868.

J. W. WOOD,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, GENERAL AVERAGE ADJUSTER, SURVEYOR OF DAMAGED GOODS.
Office, CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.
Medical Hall, *Queen's Road*.

tf 1376 Hongkong, 25th July, 1868.

PORTRAITS.

MR. J. THOMSON is prepared to take PORTRAITS, VIEWS, and other PHOTOGRAPHS.—Rooms, Commercial Bank Buildings, *Queen's Road*.

tf 533 Hongkong, 15th March, 1868.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.
GENERAL WEEKLY SALE.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co. will sell by Public Auction,
THIS DAY,
the 8th September, 1868, at Noon,
At their Sales Rooms, Queen's Road Central,—
200 Pieces Printed CHINTZ.
50 Dozen Lawn HANDKERCHIEFS.
25 Pieces Assorted Colors LISTS.
200 Dozen Printed Cotton HANDKERCHIEFS.
50 " Huckaback TOWELS.
40 Pieces all wool Fancy FLANNELS.
36 Silk UMBRELLAS, English-made.
30 Boxes Plate GLASS.
6 " Sperm CANDLES.
5 Cases Bryant and May's SAFETY MATCHES.
40 Bolts Assorted numbers Repairing CANVAS.
30 Drums Hubback's Spirits of TURPENTINE.
20 " Hubback's Raw Linseed OIL.
30 " Best Pale Boiled "
12 Lefaucheux REVOLVERS and AMMUNITION.
2 Cases Lefaucheux Revolver CARTRIDGES.
1,000 Tins FFF GUNPOWDER.
200 Kegs do.
5 Cases RIFLES.
25 Casks, Pints, Bass's ALE.
20 Cases, Quarts, Guinness's STOUT.
100 " CHERRY COBDIAL.
50 " GIN.
50 " English OLD TOM.
75 " OLABET (Medoc).
50 Reams Foolscap PAPER.
And a variety of other GOODS.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash on delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7.

1692 Hongkong, 7th September, 1868.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

BOWRA & Co.
HAVE received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
TO-MORROW,
the 9th September, 1868, at 11 o'clock A.M.,
At the Quarters of Purveyor JOHN MENZIES, *Queen's Road* (next building to the Commissariat),—
Sundry HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, comprising TABLES, CHAIRS, COUCHES, BEDSTEAD, WARDROBE, &c., &c.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7.

1697 Hongkong, 8th September, 1868.

BOWRA & Co.
HAVE received instructions from O. STOREY, Esq., to sell by Public Auction, at his Residence, No. 29, *Wyndham Street*,
FRIDAY,
the 23rd September, 1868, at noon,—
The whole of his Elegant HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, comprising Drawing Room, Dining Room, and Bed Room SUITES, in Mahogany, Rosewood, and Teak, covered with Green Damask. Very handsome large size Pier GLASSES on Marble top Console TABLES, Richly Carved Marble top TABLES, and TEA POTS, Lacquered, Japan, and Porcelain ORNAMENTS, Rich CARPETS, Marble top WASHSTANDS, very fine ENGRAVINGS, Electro PLATED WARE, CASHIERS, GLASSWARE, &c., &c.

A Magnificent PIANOFORTE, by Doring, of Hamburg.

A Wheel Barrow CARRIAGE and HARNESS.

A 2-wheel American CARRIAGE and HARNESS.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Seven CHAIRS.

A quantity of Choice PLANTS and Garden SEATS.

A few cases Choice WINES and Surplus STORES.

&c., &c., &c.

Also,

The unexpired term of Lease of HOUSE and STABLING, and term expiring in March, 1870.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7. All lots, with all faults and errors of description whatsoever, at purchasers' risk upon fall of the hammer.

1692 Hongkong, 7th September, 1868.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from the Trustees of DENT & Co.'s Estate, to sell by Public Auction,
(*If not previously disposed of by Private Sale*),
On an early day in November next,
On the Ground—
The BUILDINGS known as DENT & Co.'s HONGKONG PRAYA PROPERTY, measuring 298 feet in frontage by 176 feet in depth, situated on Marine Lot No. 7, and consisting of
One DWELLING HOUSE in the Eastern Wing, containing 5 Rooms on the 1st Floor and 8 Rooms on the 2nd Floor, with Bath Rooms, Kitchens, Out Offices, &c., &c., with Gas and Water laid on, and a Godown below, capable of holding about 2,000 Tons.

The Centre BUILDING, known as DENT & Co.'s Offices, containing 8 Rooms, Compradore's Quarters, Spacious Fire-proof Treasury, and Godown, capable of holding about 1,000 Tons.

One DWELLING HOUSE in the Western Wing, containing 5 Rooms on the 1st Floor and 8 Rooms on the 2nd Floor, with Bath Rooms, Kitchens, Out Offices, &c., &c., with Gas and Water laid on, and a Godown below of about 2,000 Tons capacity.

Crown Rent $317.64 per annum.

These Buildings have only been erected two years, and are built of Granite and Brick, the woodwork being Teak throughout.

The whole of this Property to be sold either in one or more lots, to suit purchasers.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on fall of the hammer, one-third two months after sale, and the balance four months after sale, in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7. Transfer expenses to be borne by the purchasers.

For further particulars or details of plans apply to

MESSRS. BREMNER & LAYCOCK,
4, Austin Friars, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.

Or, Hongkong, to the Undersigned,

MORGAN, LAMBERT & Co

tf 1084 Hongkong, 12th June, 1868

NOTICE.

THE undersigned has always on hand Carriage and Horses for Sale.

Also to let, on the following terms:—
For each hour (not less) during the day 0.50
For every 2 hours (not less) after 4 P.M. 1.00
For each hour during the night.....0.75
For one day, i.e., 8 A.M. to 4 P.M., with change of horse at noon.....3.00

Four-wheeled carriages are charged double. All damages to carriages will be repaired by the undersigned, when driven only by his horse coolie, but not otherwise.

YUNG SHING,
No. 23, D'Aguilar St.

tf 1620 Hongkong, 27th August, 1868.

GEORGE GLASSE,
(FIVE YEARS MANAGER TO KINSFORD & Co., PICCADILLY LONDON, AND 28, PLACE VENDOME, PARIS).
ENGLISH AND FOREIGN CHEMIST, VICTORIA DISPENSARY, HONGKONG.
SHIPS' MEDICINE CHESTS SUPPLIED AND REFITTED.

tf 2035 Hongkong, 3rd September, 1867.

THE TOURISTS' GUIDE.—POCKET FORM.
REDUCED PRICE $1
Containing the names of all the Articles of Trade, objects of Natural History, Furniture, &c., &c., with the Punti, and Mandarin Pronunciation.

Also a few copies of the GRAMMAR of the Chinese Language, in two Parts.

Daily Press Office.

Intimations.

NOTICE.

NEITHER Captain nor Consignees of American ship *Samuel Russell*, will be responsible for any debts contracted by the Officers or Crew of said ship.

F. G. LUCAS,
Captain.

1m 1512 Hongkong, 13th August, 1868.

WANTED.

A MANAGER for the HONGKONG HOTEL, one who has had experience and knows how to conduct such an Establishment. Applications, with Testimonials, to be made in writing, addressed to the Directors, and sent in to the Office of the Company, at the Hotel.

tf 1576 Hongkong, August 20th 1868.

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that, on and after the First of September, the prices charged in the Hotel will be as under:—

Single Breakfast	$1.00
" Tiffin	1.00
" Dinner	1.50

For Resident Boarders (in addition to the Amount charged for Lodging) $50 per month.

For Non-Resident Boarders, $25 per month.

Arrangements have been made to secure the services of a First-class French Cook.

By order of the Board of Directors,

J. F. ROSE,
Secretary.

tf 1645 Hongkong, 31st August, 1868.

THE Owner of a plain case Gold Half Hunting WATCH, D. LAURAIE, No. 18662, purchased about 15th August, 1867, through a third party, will confer a favour by communicating with Messrs. GEO. FALCONER & Co.

14d 1672 Hongkong, 3rd September, 1868.

EASTLACK AND WINN SURGEON DENTISTS, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.
Office hours from 10 A.M. to 5 P.M.

tf 745 Hongkong, 22nd May, 1868.

ANDREW MILLAR, HOUSE, SHIP, AND STEAMBOAT PLUMBER, COPPERSMITH AND BRASSFOUNDER, No. 1, *Queen's Road East & Mallah Lane*.

tf 1323 Hongkong, 17th July, 1868.

WAH CHEONG & Co HOUSE AND SHIP PLUMBERS, COPPERSMITHS AND ZINC WORKERS, BLACKSMITHS & BELL HANGERS,
And,
WAGON MANUFACTURERS,
Queen's Road East,
Opposite No. 4 Police Station.

4m 917 Hongkong

Docks.

THE UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA, LIMITED.

THE Company respectfully beg to call the attention of Ship Owners, Consignees, and Masters of Vessels to their establishments at WHAMPOA and HONGKONG, which offer every facility for the DOCKING and REPAIRS of Vessels of all classes.

Their Docks at Whampoa are in good working order, and are pumped out by Steam, and the Workshops comprise the different departments of Shipwright, Blacksmith, Boilermaker, and Machine works. Materials supplied of the best kind and on the most reasonable terms. A jetty with a pair of powerful lifting shears, alongside at which masts and boilers can be taken out of Vessels.

Their Hongkong establishment comprises also the different departments of Shipwright, Blacksmith, Boilermaker and Machine works, and possesses a pair of lifting shears.

Their Granite Dock at Kowloon, most advantageously situated, solidly built, and of full dimensions to admit the docking of any Vessel coming to this harbour, will be completed in a very short time.

The Steam Tug *Little Orphan* is always in readiness to tow Vessels to Dock, free of charge, and to sea, or new berth, at reduced rates.

All works carried on under the superintendence of experienced European foremen.

For particulars, apply at the office of the Company, *Queen's Road*, Hongkong.

JOHN INGLIS,
Acting Secretary.

N.B.—Consignees or Masters of Vessels having cause to complain of the works done at the Docks or at Hongkong, will please address their complaints to the Office of the Company, which will receive the immediate attention of the Directors.

tf 1207 Hongkong, 14th July, 1868.

PORT OF AMOY.

SHIPOWNERS, AGENTS, and COMMANDERS are informed that the DOCK COMPANY'S ESTABLISHMENTS at the above Port afford every facility for Repairing and Sparring Vessels, Cleaning and Painting Iron Ships, and Repairs and Refit of

STEAM MACHINERY AND BOILERS.

Their large GRANITE DOCK is 200 feet in length, fitted with a Caisson Gate, and with a Centrifugal steam-pump of great power, enabling despatch in all states of the tides. At average spring tides this Dock can receive vessels drawing 16 to 17 feet, and during the Autumn and Winter Months, 18 feet. Their two smaller DOCKS, also built of Granite, can receive vessels drawing 12 to 13 feet.

The Premises comprise a large SMITHY and BOILER SHOP, CARPENTERS and BOAT-BUILDERS' SHOPS. An

ENGINEERS' WORKSHOP,

fitted with Lathes and other Tools driven by steam.

AN IRON FOUNDRY

for castings up to 5 Tons weight, and a BRASS FOUNDRY.

The different departments are superintended by experienced Europeans, viz.—ENGINEER, BLACKSMITH, and SHIPWRIGHT.

The Company keep on hand Copper and Metal Sheathing, Spars, Timber, Paints for Iron Vessels, and all material for Dockyard use.

A DRY GODOWN for reception of stores of vessels requiring to discharge them.

Good Quarters for Officers of ships under repair in the Dock.

tf 2358 Amoy, 16th December, 1867.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned call the attention of Masters and Agents of vessels discharging at this port to the great advantage to be gained in convenience, despatch, and economy, by making use of their Wharves at New Harbour.

With the assistance of steam cranes, a general cargo can be landed easily in a few days—or in about one-fifth of the time usually occupied discharging in the roads.

These are large, dry, and very commodious brick godowns on the wharves, which vessels have *free use of* for cargo while discharging.

The trouble and dispute with, and pilfering of cargo common among boatmen, are avoided by vessels using the wharves.

Cartage of cargo to the town (which is within easy distance) is guaranteed to be not more than lighterage from the roads, and the coolie hire discharging alongside is less.

There is always a large stock of the best English and Welsh coals on the premises, which are supplied to steamers at the lowest market price, and vessels going alongside to take in or discharge can pay no wharfage.

Vessels discharging cargo pay a wharfage of 20 cents per ton—a trifling charge when the immense advantages gained are taken into consideration.

Arrangements have been made by which all repairs to ships or steamers can be done with despatch while the vessels are lying alongside the wharves.

There is an efficient European pilot on the premises, and when required, a steam tug is always available.

THE BORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED.

Sinsapore, 5th April, 1868. 6m 827

PORT OF AMOY.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

THE BUOYS marking the dangers in the harbour of Amoy have been painted according to the rule in use by the British Admiralty and Trinity Board, viz.—to mark the STARBOARD side of Channels ENTERING by black or red buoys, or vertically striped with black, and MIDDLE Grounds by horizontally striped buoys.

KELLETSPIT, North end, formerly marked by a striped buoy, is now marked by a RED BUOY.

COKER ROCKS, formerly marked by a red buoy, are now marked by a vertically striped BUOY and a WHITE BUOY. This have been moored about 20 Fathoms to the E. S. E. of the shoalest patch, in order to guard vessels against ledges of rock, with 15 feet water, found to exist in that direction, and it may be passed close to on the Port Hand when entering the harbour. The shoalest patch, or pinnacle of the Coker Rocks, has a floating beacon on it until further notice.

NEW ROCK, in North part of Harbour, and BROWN'S ROUK are marked by horizontally striped BUOYS.

In case any of these Buoys are lost or moved, the position will as soon as possible be marked by a flag-boat or floating beacon.

JAMES JONES,
Clerk in Charge.

Office of Maritime Customs,
Amoy, 13th August, 1868. tf 1583

KELUNG COAL COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to supply Steamers and Vessels with the best FORMOSA COAL at current rates, or to deliver the same under contract at any port in China.

The company having always a large quantity in store, vessels will not be subjected to any unnecessary delay.

DODD & Co.,
Agents.

tf 281 Kelung, 6th January, 1868.

FORMOSA COAL DEPOT AT KILUNG

HAS on hand a large stock of Coal of *best quality*, and is prepared to supply Steamers and Sailing vessels with quick despatch at Current rates, or deliver the same under Contract at Hongkong, and any Treaty port in China.

The Depôt, drawing supplies from the best mines only, intends to provide a superior article, *free of the Surface Coal*, that has hitherto prejudiced Consumers.

MILISCH & Co., *Agents.*

tf 825 Kilung, 2nd May, 1868.

PERSONS indebted to the late Mr. F. PRIMER, are requested to make payment, to the undersigned, and persons having claims against the estate are requested to send them prior to the 17th September.

RICHARD DEACON,
Executor.

1m 1551 Hongkong, 18th August, 1868.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. WATCHELS, GROOS & Co., of Nagasaki, have been appointed Agents for Japan for the *Daily Press*, *Overland Trade Report*, *Straits Times Extra*, and all other publications issued from this Office, and residents in Japan will please make application to them.

Daily Press Office, July, 1868.

UNDER DISPATCH.

For Shanghai.—Per *Ganges*, To-day, the 8th instant, at 4 p.m.

For Swatow, Amoy, and Foochow.—Per *Anof*, To-morrow, the 9th instant, at 10 a.m.

The delivery of the Daily Press twice this office commenced on Monday morning at 10.05, and the last messenger left the office at 10.20.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, SEPTEMBER 8TH, 1868.

"A SUFFERER." has taken up the cudgels and descended into the arena in support of his original assertion, that the Government has ruined the trade of Hongkong. We must decline to meet him. Cudgels are forbidden weapons. No results will ever proceed from their use in a contest of this description. If our correspondent thinks that his reiteration of the same statements in a different form of words, and with a little more amplification is argument, and is likely to convince, he is woefully mistaken. He may and probably will convince his readers that he entertains certain fixed opinions, but he will never lead any one to adopt his views unless he gives his reasons, and shows by what steps he arrived at the conclusions he asks us to adopt. It is not wonderful that the merchants of Hongkong have met with snubbings at the hands of officials here and at home, for, as a rule they have never in their communications with the Government taken the trouble to set forth the facts, figures, and reasonings on which the opinions expressed in their memorials or petitions have been based. Their views may be, and generally have been, correct. They have known instinctively what was good for them, for trade, and for the colony. The matter, whatever it may have been, has been clear before their eyes as the sun at noon-day. The facts of the case have been well known to them. The figures unexceptionable, the deductions undoubted—but they have forgotten that they address people to whom these facts and figures are not familiar, who do not and cannot be expected to see at a glance the deductions to be drawn from them, who require to have the whole process made plain to them, from the enumeration of the proposition to be proved, to the *quod erat demonstrandum*. It is useless to say it is so, and so, and when asked why do you think so, to repeat, merely changing the words, because it is, so it is. Perhaps an examination of "SUFFERER'S" letter will explain what we seek to make plain. But first to correct an error in his introductory paragraph. Whether the writer of that article and his fellow labourers on the staff of this Journal, from the Proprietor down the junior P.D., are engaged in scholarly or in mercantile pursuits, they are equally interested with the merchants themselves in the trade of this colony, and in the prosperity of the place. It is as much a matter of pounds, shillings, and pence to them, as to any merchant or broker in the Island, that money should be plentiful, business brisk, exchanges favourable, and prospects good. The result of the discussion now in progress is of as much interest to them as to "SUFFERER" himself. He need not, therefore, fear to cross swords with us—our stake in the game is equal to his. We only wish he would cross *swords* with us, and not present himself armed with the massive club of downright assertion.

His second paragraph is a flat contradiction of one of our propositions. He maintains that trade is, comparatively, in a much greater state of depression here than at Shanghai, Bombay, or Calcutta, and he refers to the market reports in proof of his assertion. Will he, who has the market reports and their contents at his fingers' ends, which is himself engaged in commerce, extract the figures from these market reports, and put them in evidence? He has the means and the time—trade is so bad just now—and the special knowledge necessary for the task. If his assertion is correct, nothing can be simpler than the proof, nothing more convincing. A "SUFFERER's" opinion, as a merchant, is of value as the opinion of a man who has the means of knowledge, and an interest in being correct, but he bring others over to that opinion, he must give them the means of forming an opinion of their own from the materials he has made use of, and of judging of the justness of the conclusions he has drawn by exhibiting the premises. He does not do this. Will he do it? We hope so.

His third paragraph is a strange one, he says that "*the effects of the late commercial crisis have now almost disappeared, and are certainly not perceptible in the import trade.*" The late commercial crisis was the result of the enormous over-trading of previous years, and of an inflated credit system. The results have been a total collapse of credit, the ruin and commercial annihilation of thousands, enormous losses on hand here and in England, a fall in prices, and no demand, even at reduced figures. Has credit there or elsewhere recovered itself? No merchant in the colony will say that it has. Have new houses risen on the ruins of the old, here, in China, or in India? Is trade in any branch what it was, or like it? That it is not what it was is the cause of our complaint, and "says what I complain of, is not want of money among foreigners, but among natives." If the natives have no money to buy, how can the import trade be as good as before? Does "SUFFERER" think that the Chinese traders have not lost, and lost heavily by the late crisis; very heavily they have lost, indeed, and their losses came after and as the consequences of the failures among European traders, and are therefore later in point of time and take longer to be overcome. Credit is not so assured among them as among us, and revives slowly.

The military question is beside the purpose of the present inquiry. Let it go.

We don't object, to smuggling in the least we only point out that, as a portion, great or small, of the trade of Hongkong depends on the success with which goods are introduced into China from this colony without paying duty, so, in proportion to the success of the Chinese Government in checking that smuggling, the trade of Hongkong will suffer, and Chinese, whose only inducement to come here was the facilities the place offered for smuggling, will leave the colony for Canton and elsewhere. Our correspondent is of opinion that only a small proportion of the Chinese trade from this place is illicit. Has he any figures to produce or other evidence to confirm his opinion?

The rest of "SUFFERER'S" letter has nothing to do with this question really at issue—Is the trade of Hongkong in a state of exceptional depression? Have the late Government measures caused that depression, or are there other, and what, causes? He says, "Take a look at the harbour." Let us look. The junks, formerly scattered all over the anchorage, are now neatly arranged in one place. They may look fewer, but the HARBOUR-MASTER'S Report shows that they are more numerous this year than last. Our correspondent asks the merchants to look at their books. Precisely what we want them to do, and to publish the results of their examination; but nothing that they will find in their books will affix the blame of any falling off in business on the Stamp Tax. That must be proved from without. If the late Ordinances are obstructions to trade, let some one who has seen their effects lay his finger on the obnoxious provision, show what the trade was before, what it is now, and how the Ordinance operates as an obstruction. "A SUFFERER" does not want excessive taxation, officials enough to govern a province, a foreign police, a steam yacht; neither is he desirous of paying the Military Contribution. One thing he does want, the power to give a reason for his wishes and wants, his likes and dislikes; his objections to this, and his inability to do that. If Hongkong had been able to express itself clearly, and had condescended to give its reasons in all their detail for its prayer, it might never have been saddled with the Military Contribution, or might, at least, have got rid of it before now.

The Band of the 73rd.

The Band of the 73rd Regiment will perform on the Parade (instead of at the Public Gardens), to-day, the 8th September, commencing at 5.30 o'clock P.M., the following programme:—

Overture...	*Concert*.....	Tutt.
Quadrille...	*Scotch*.....	Faust.
Selection...	*Moses in Egypt*.....	Rossini.
Valse.....	*Cara Fleiner*.....	Coote.
Galop.....	*Berlinerjerfer Eisenbahn*.....	Arndt.

M. TROY, *Conductor.*

Police Intelligence, 7th September.

BEFORE E. W. GOODLADE, Esq.

MONDAY DRUNKARDS.

Charles Bell, a seaman of H.M.S. *Sidelike*, was charged with being drunk, creating a disturbance, and with assaulting the interpreter in the charge-room.

The Sikh constable who arrested the man of war's man deposed to having picked him up in an inclinated state down the town, on Sunday evening, and the Indian interpreter of the charge-room, supposed to have been assaulted, came into Court and had the damaged leg examined by his Worship, but no mark was found.

The fellow in H.M.'s uniform were just sent talking to the United States of America, William Sewell, but their evidence was not taken down, but their chief mate interfered with by his Worship saying, then, and suddenly fining them a dollar each.

Mr. Goodman, fined Bell $3, at the same time recommending him not to come to the Court again.

A PALSE ALARM.

Nine-teen semi-clothed celestials were crowded round his worship to answer a charge of Gambling in a house in a Tank-lane, on Sunday evening, about nine o'clock.

Mr. D. R. Caldwell, who appeared to represent the interest of the Gambling Farmers, said he thought the correct and keen eyed police, or rather Detective officers received by the police from him, was three days' old when acted upon. The defendants were not gambling when prosecuted, but had, no doubt been doing so both thirty time previous.

The constable who was present with the force of police who went down, said he found all the defendants disorderly.

Mr. Cooklake told the defendants they had been arrested by mistake, and they were therefore discharged.

ALLEGED ASSAULT BY A POLICE SERGEANT.

Andrew Rickmers, sergeant of Police, was brought up, charged with robbing a seaman, named Roberts, of the sum of $25.

The prisoner was defended by Mr. Francis from Mr. Gaskell's office.

The evidence given by the different witnesses, viz., Inspector Kirby, complainant shipmates, constables, and women, belonging to the house where the robbery took place; would be too lengthy to be introduced, but the facts elicited in it, are as follows—

Roberts, a seaman on the H.M. gunboat *Algerine*, and a shipmate, had a three months' leave given them and off, receiving about $19. The man had another sum of $10 by him too, and some of the money being in notes. Roberts had been robbed of all of these, a most extraordinary thing for a seaman, as his Worship observed. The *Algerine* came back from her trip a few days back, and the sailors got leave to come ashore. After knocking around the town with his friends for sometime, he it appears, got into a disgusting state of intoxication, and filled the men-of-war's men, eventually come to an anchor in an house of ill-fame in East-street. While in there Sergeant Rickmers came up and searched him, preliminary to putting him in a chair, and taking him to the station. Two female witnesses, who were in the house at the time, positively deposed that Rickmers took $10 in fortinotes, $4, and four $5 bank-notes out of complainant's pocket. However, Rickmers got the sailor to the Central-station, put him in the cells, and then gave the inspector on duty $18, requesting it to be the sum found on the prisoner. When Roberts awoke from his stupor, and had only $18 given him; he was surprised, and started to find the house he had been in the previous evening, with a view to find the remainder of his money. The women then told him that they had seen the sergeant take notes, and other, above sixty-five dollars out of his pocket the previous evening; Roberts then got his little memorandum with the numbers of the notes on it, and came up to the station with the two women from the bad house. Rickmers was placed under arrest, and commercial annihilation of thousands, enormous losses on hand here and in England, a fall in prices, and no demand, even at reduced figures. Has credit there or elsewhere recovered itself? No merchant in the colony will say that it has. Have new houses risen on the ruins of the old, here, in China, or in India? Is trade in any branch what it was, or like it? That it is not what it was is the cause of our

tion, and Mr. E. Sharpe defended the prisoner. Mr. Hazeland watched the proceedings on behalf of numerous intending complainants.

Chun-a-hing, the master of the Yu-shing shop, was further examined. He said the defendant wrote the order in his presence in his shop, he (defendant) tore out the order from a book, which he took from his pocket. Defendant said if the order were presented to Gardiner and Co. on the 1st of September, the money would be paid, and it was on the strength of receiving that assurance that he delivered the goods. He called on the 1st of September at the defendant's house, and asked a Chinese boy where the compradore was, but could not find any. He called again on the 2nd September, but with the same success. On the 3rd, however, when he called he saw defendant, and he was then instructed to call again on the 5th of September, and the money would be paid. He went for the last time on the 5th, and was of course considerably astonished to find the place closed, and "Gardiner and Co.'s" sign-board taken down.

Cross-examined by Mr. Sharpe. The defendant did not purchase any goods from him in July, nor had he ever bought any goods from him and paid for them. It was a clerk, belonging to the California mail steamer, who came with defendant to his shop. Defendant never applied for any security for the money.

Mr. Edward Verril, in the office of Messrs. Armstrong & Co., said he knew the defendant in the regular way of business. Defendant asked him to obtain a compradore's cheque book for him, he did so the same day (the 14th August), and sent it to defendant about 10 A.M. He obtained it at Messrs. Noronha's printing-office. The cheque book contained cheques similar to the one produced.

By Mr. Sharpe—Defendant never asked him to get a compradore.

Lum-a-sam, compradore to Messrs. Thomas Hunt & Co., said he knew the defendant in July last; in consequence of a communication made to him by Mr. Armstrong, he went to defendant's store, opposite the Hongkong Hotel, and the defendant then asked him to recommend a compradore and two store coolies. He accordingly took a man named Wong-a-cheong, as compradore, and two shop coolies to the defendant on the 29th of July. Defendant then made an agreement with Wong-a-cheong for $25 a month, to act as compradore, commencing that day. Five days after that (18th July) Wong-a-cheong came to him and said he was sick, and wanted to go to Macao. Wong-a-cheong went to Macao two days afterwards, and the defendant soon after came to enquire for Wong-a-cheong. On the 25th July defendant came to him, and was told that Wong-a-cheong would not return to Gardiner & Co.'s service. Since 25th July had been fifteen times or so to defendant's store, but never saw any compradore.

Cross-examined by Mr. Sharpe. Witness stated that he bought something for defendant in July, and was paid for it, and again on the 1st of August he bought something, and called for his money many times without getting it. It was on the 30th July that he received $55. The store coolie of defendant complained to him that he could not get his money, but defendant afterwards paid. Defendant never applied to him to procure another compradore when told Wong-a-cheong was not coming back.

Ho-ceng Collaon, who was clerk with defendant since the 15th August, said he remained in defendant's employ from that day until the 4th September, but never saw any compradore during that period.

By Mr. Sharpe—He was paid his wages for the first part of the month of August, and the 3rd of September. Defendant told him that the compradore was sick at Macao. Saw the first witness come for money, and heard defendant tell the man to call when the American mail steamer arrived, and he should be paid.

To Mr. Caldwell—Defendant said, "Wait until the American steamer comes, on Saturday (5th instant) and I will pay you." First witness then said, "Maakee, I can wait."

Inspector Burns gave the same evidence as on Saturday, in Messrs. Lane, Crawford & Co's case, and the case for the prosecution was finished.

Mr. Caldwell then addressed his Worship on the whole case, giving a summary of the courses which the defendant had adopted in all the transactions he had been engaged in the colony. Mr. Caldwell quoted sections in the Codes in support of the argument, that the facts presented to his worship in the case constituted a charge of obtaining goods under false pretences.

Mr. Sharpe, on the other hand, argued that there was really no evidence whatever to show that there was any false pretence, and that the case put forward to endeavour to show the line drawn between obtaining goods on false pretences and obtaining goods on credit, and not paying for them.

Mr. Mist, hereon, in giving judgment, said that it was laid down for him that if in any case he should entertain a doubt as to the law bearing upon any case he had before him, he should say that he should send it to a higher tribunal. Now, in the present case he had a doubt, that is, he was not always in doubt whether or not the act of the defendant in the case was fraudulent or not. He would therefore commit the defendant for trial at the Supreme Court.

Mr. Sharpe said under the circumstances of the case he hoped his Worship would admit the defendant for bail.

Mr. Caldwell said he must oppose any application for bail. The whole system adopted by the defendant in Hongkong justified the idea that he would not put in an appearance at the Supreme Court.

After some further conversation between the legal gentlemen, Mr. May decided that, as it was discretionary, he would, considering Mr. Caldwell's opposition, refuse the application. Defendant was then taken into the gaol.

The Want of Trade in Hongkong.

—TO THE EDITOR OF THE "DAILY PRESS."

SIR,—It is with some difficulty that I come forward to dispute the *facts* expounded by you in Thursday's impression. A merchant can only argue from a merchant's, and, to a certain extent, selfish, point of view, and I am therefore all some diminishing in crossing swords with a scholar, who, like yourself, sir, has neither pounds, shillings, nor pence at stake, and is run immediately crazy on the subject, a lofty and moral tone. However, I will risk the issue.

The import trade of Hongkong, the most legitimate and most important branch of the general trade of the colony, is not so much more than any other to the prosperity of England, is comparatively in a much greater state of depression than the trade at either Shanghai, Bombay, or Calcutta. Canton has next to no foreign import trade, and cannot come into account. Business at the three centres named above, has been during the present year in the main satisfactory, especially so at Shanghai; whilst at Hongkong it has compared unfavourably, even with last year, which was admittedly a very bad one. A reference to the market reports for the period referred to will easily convince you of the correctness of my assertion.

The effects of the late injurious commercial crisis have now almost disappeared, and are certainly not perceptible in the import trade. What we complain of is want of money among natives, not amongst foreigners.

Whether Hongkong was first established as a depot for trade, or as a naval or military station, is beside the question. I did not base any argument on this point. All we have to deal with is the present state of the colony.

In paragraphs 5 to 11 we come to the real points at issue, and I commence by informing you that I have no feeling of sympathy for the government of China, its revenues and customhouses. I cannot, therefore, looking at the matter from my own point of view, be grateful to the colonial government for its solicitude in this respect. If the trade of the colony is really, as you assert, a smuggling trade, then, sir, I say that we ought to countenance smuggling instead of aiding in its suppression. I do not, however, admit that such is the case. The bulk of the imports from the United Kingdom sold here to Chinese are trans-shipped by them to Treaty Ports, a comparatively small portion no doubt finds its way into China through less legitimate channels, but a certain amount of smuggling is inseparable from the trade of a port situated like Hongkong. The trade of Gibraltar is entirely dependent upon smuggling, and I am not aware that any pains have been taken to "elevate the position and prestige" of that colony in the eyes of the Spanish Government.

That the late legislative measures have raised the prestige of Hongkong in the eyes of the people of China, is a theory which may be fondly entertained in the minds of the framers thereof; the public at large is certainly not aware of the fact. The idea generally entertained by our Chinese citizens is that the numberless ordinances are merely so many different means for filling the colonial coffers, and I must confess that an impartial perusal of the police reports for the past 12 months would almost tend to confirm these views. I also maintain that the gambling licenses, the proceeds of which will now probably be expended on that useful and intelligent body, the Sikh police, have not reflected much credit and lustre on the Colonial Government.

That a great deal of good has been done in the way of criminal legislation, I freely and cheerfully admit, and it is only to be regretted that the government did not rest on its laurels and stop after effecting so much. The glory of having driven away the thieves and pirates might have sufficed them; but there was more work to be done, more ordinances had to be passed, the Chinese had to be frightened, and trade ruined, so that the *Government Gazette* might be filled; and the result was a succession of legislative measures which could not have been more injurious to trade had they been designed for the special purpose of annihilating it. It is useless to dwell on the effects of these unfortunate ordinances, they are too apparent to require comment. Take a view of the harbour, say, and behold the effects of the various Junk Ordinances; let each merchant look at his books and note what the Stamp Act has done; and how the taxes and obstructions to trade are visibly diminishing the native capital in the colony. There is no need for this excessive taxation, we don't want a staff of officials numerous enough to govern a province; we don't want a foreign police; we don't want a steam yacht; and we don't want to pay the Military contribution.

You contend that Hongkong is now a more comfortable residence than any place in China, and I will not quarrel with you on this question. *Chacun à son gout.* I will say however, that I for one don't want any comfort except I can get business, and most of the merchants will probably think the same.

Your concluding assertion favours much of His Excellency's famous letter to the Chamber of Commerce, on the subject of the gambling licenses, and ought to receive the treatment accorded to that document, viz., silent contempt. One case is, however, too good to require such reticence. The merchants of Hongkong are neither selfish nor apathetic. The non-official members of Council, and the community at large, have on various occasions strongly and forcibly protested against the course pursued by the government, and have been—I will not mince matters—snubbed for their pains—I am sir,

Yours truly,
A SUFFERER.

Hongkong, 5th September, 1868.

The Chinese Treaty.

The following (says the *San Francisco Times*) is the full text of the treaty which has just been ratified:

ADDITIONAL ARTICLES TO THE TREATY BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE TA-TSING EMPIRE OF THE 18TH OF JUNE, 1858.

WHEREAS, since the conclusion of the treaty between the United States of America and the Ta-Tsing Empire (China) of the 18th of June, 1858, circumstances have arisen showing the necessity of the additional articles thereto, the President of the United States and the August Sovereign of the Ta-Tsing Empire having respectively, in their plenipotentiaries, to wit, the President, Hon. Anson Burlingame, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister of the United States, and His Majesty the Emperor of China, Anson Burlingame, accredited as his Envoy Extraordinary and Minister, and Chih-Kang and Sun Chia-Ku, of the second Chinese rank, associated High Envoys and Ministers of his said Majesty, and the said plenipotentiaries, after having exchanged their full powers, agreed to be in due and proper form, have agreed upon the following articles:

Article 1.—His Majesty the Emperor of China being of the opinion that in making concessions to the citizens or subjects of foreign powers of the privilege of residing on certain ports or places in the Chinese Empire, and trading in the waters of that Empire for purposes of trade, he has by no means relinquished his right of eminent domain or dominion over the said land and waters, he hereby agrees that no such concession or grant shall be construed to give to any power or party which may be at war with or hostile to the United States, the right to attack the citizens of the United States, or their property, within the said lands or waters; and the United States, for themselves, hereby agree to abstain from any attempt to interfere in such attacks; and when the said lands or waters, and the United States, for themselves, hereby agree to abstain from more injurious to trade had they been designed for the special purpose of annihilating it. It is useless to dwell on the effects of these unfortunate ordinances, they are too apparent to require comment. Take a view of the harbour, say, and behold the effects of the various Junk Ordinances; let each merchant look at his books and note what the Stamp Act has done; and how the taxes and obstructions to trade are visibly diminishing the native capital in the colony. There is no need for this excessive taxation, we don't want a staff of officials numerous enough to govern a province; we don't want a foreign police; we don't want a steam yacht; and we don't want to pay the Military contribution.

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of season in the navy, Secretary Welles has ordered a large number of vessels now in service abroad, to be brought home and put out of commission. It is not known what vessels will come home, as they will be those which can be best dispensed with by the commanders; the crews will be discharged and the officers assigned to other duties.

NEW YORK, July 30th.

Mr. Eldridge has resigned the Presidency of the Erie Railroad, and Jay Gould is elected instead.

The Chinese Embassy goes to Auburn on Monday, by invitation of Secretary Seward. Different foreign Ministers at Washington are also invited, but it is not known who will accept. The Embassy goes thence to Niagara and Lake George, then to spend some time in Boston, after which they remain in New York till their departure for Europe in September.

CHICAGO, July 31.

The Department of Agriculture has issued a report on the condition of the crops in July. The most remarkable fact in connection with the corn crop is the great increase; on an average, in the South, the difference since last year being over two and a half million acres. The increase throughout the United States amounts to thirty-six million acres. The condition of the wheat is above the average, except in Vermont, Connecticut, and the Southern States. Cotton shows an average reduction of ten per cent, and the crops are reported in splendid condition, with a prospect of the finest yield for years. Rice, oats and barley promise abundant crops. Potatoes are unusually good. Fruit is variable—apples and peaches are less promising than usual.

OIL CITY, (Pa.) July 31.

One of the most disastrous fires that ever visited the oil regions, occurred here at seven o'clock this morning, destroying in all, two hundred buildings, and rendering homeless nearly as many families. The oil interests are suffering but very little.

WASHINGTON, July 31.

The President has officially proclaimed the ratification by both parties of the treaty concerning citizenship with Prussia.

The Russian Minister has received a draft for the payment of Alaska.

The annual statement of the Post Office Department will show an alarming deficit, amounting to $9,000,000 for the past year.

NEW YORK, August 1.

The alarming increase of mortality in this city is drawing special attention to the sanitary condition of the metropolis. Much of the increase of deaths is directly traceable to defective sewerage and a deficient supply of water for family purposes.

HAVANA, August 1.

Advices from Hayti state that General Hector has defeated Christ, leader of the reactionists, and that thirty prisoners have been shot.

NEW ORLEANS, August 1.

The militia question has been agitating the Legislature considerably. A bill passed the House authorising an unlimited number of companies to be uniformed, armed, and equipped at the expense of the State, and empowering the Governor to organize the companies into regiments. The bill will probably pass the Senate without difficulty.

BALTIMORE, August 1st.

Reverdy Johnson and family sailed for Southampton to-day, in the steamship *Baltimore*, of the Baltimore and Bremen line. He was escorted down the river by a large number of personal friends and a dozen steam and tug boats crowded with passengers. Among those who escorted Mr. Johnson were Baron Gerolt, the Prussian Minister. Mr. Johnson responded to a toast given him, saying: "I go to England as a minister of peace. My instructions look to peace, and if I am able to carry them out in the spirit in which they are given, peace will result." Mr. Johnson said all good men of both nations earnestly desired peace. He also complimented the representative of the Prussian Government as the always consistent friend of the United States, and believed to all who knew him.

Baron Gerolt expressed his gratitude for his kind recognition by Mr. Johnson. He reciprocated the firm and devoted friendship to the Government and people of America on behalf of himself and his Government.

Mr. Lincoln, who has been in waiting some days intending to go out in the same steamer, was taken suddenly ill last night, and did not feel well enough to undertake the voyage. She will shortly go to Belford Springs.

LONDON, July 31.

The pending political troubles in Spain have resulted in a Ministerial crisis, and it is understood that the distinguished Liberal statesman, Zagastera, has been summoned to form a new Cabinet, and has gone to Madrid for that purpose.

Discontent continues to prevail in Spain, and threatens to break out into armed insurrection at any moment. Disaffection is also apparent among the officers of the fleet.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 31.

Under the preliminary arrangements for peace made with Bokhara, the Russian troops are to leave the country at once, the Khan paying the Russian Government half a million in silver roubles indemnity for expenses of the war.

NEW YORK August 2.

Harvest reports from the south of France, Hungary, and Belgium represent the wheat crop, now being harvested, as very abundant. The yield is very large, though in some regions the quality is not quite as good as usual.

The Grand Duke of Baden declined the invitation of Bavaria to take part in the Military Convention of the Southern States.

The Princess Charlotte had passed into stage of violent madness, her fixed idea being that she is kept a prisoner by her family and that she must escape and go to her husband at Miramon.

A council of Austrian Ministers has definitely settled that the title of the Austrian Empire is an Austro Hungarian monarchy.

The Holy See is disposed to recommend to the Austrian Bishops an attitude of conciliation, and in particular that they should avoid all steps which could be considered as an interference in political affairs.

Summary of Intelligence.

(From the London and China Herald.")

The Queen is about to visit Switzerland. *incognito*, as the Duchess of Kent. A programme has been published, according to which her Majesty will arrive in Choribourg on the evening of the 5th August, set out for Paris immediately, and arrive there at six o'clock in the morning. The rest of the day will be spent with the Empress Eugenie at the Tuileries. At half-past seven in the evening the Queen will leave by special train for Geneva. During the whole of the visit her Majesty will maintain the strictest *incognito*; no preparations are to be made for her at any of the railway stations, and no deputations will be received.

The *Owl* states that the Duke of Edinburgh will shortly proceed in the *Galatea* on foreign service. It is expected that during his cruise his Royal Highness will visit China, Japan, and New Zealand.

Events at Cork illustrate the melancholy fact that Fenianism is still a political creed and an element of danger.

The great object of interest which has occupied the public mind since our last issue is the continued excessive heat of the weather. The average range of the thermometer in the shade for the past ten days has approached 90 degrees. The suffering has been great and the mortality in the large towns excessive. It would seem that the meteorological records of the country have been searched in vain to discover the occurrence of such another hot summer. Mosquitoes have appeared pretty plentifully, and have been found annoying.

The harvest is very early, indeed reliable reports from the agricultural districts state that it is proceeding at a rapid rate, and that the yield is a good one, the deficiency arising from want of rain on light soils being counterbalanced by the excellent crop on heavy land. The reports concerning the root crops are very unsatisfactory.

The annual Wimbledon Volunteer Rifle Meeting closed last Saturday, and resulted in a memorable failure. The shooting for the Chinese cup appeared to excite more interest than any other event. The heat of the weather, no doubt, operated perjudically on the affair, but the fact is the organization of our military executive is so wretched, and the officers of the line so fond of displaying their persons and their incapacity at the expense of the volunteers, that unless these ardent carpet knights can be restrained, the movement will be snuffed out.

The Commissioners appointed to report on the Malt Tax have utterly condemned the present system on every ground, except fiscal expediency, and they recommend the tax now raised on malt to be obtained in some less objectional manner. The subject is important to those engaged in the China trade, because Mr. Gladstone has ever favoured tea at the expense of beer. Any further reduction in the duty on tea cannot therefore be expected for many years to come.

Lord Cranworth (Baron Rolfe) died on the 26th, in his 78th year.

A letter from Rome in the *Débats*, states that the rupture of diplomatic relations between the Vatican and the Austrian Government may now be considered complete. M. de Meysenburg has left, after placing in Cardinal Antonelli's hands the protest of Herr von Beust against the Papal allocution of the 22nd June, which declares null and void the laws passed by the Austrian Parliament, and sanctioned by the Emperor.

Count Bismark remains in seclusion. There seems to be a misunderstanding between Russia and Prussia, if the Press is to be taken as a guide. It would appear as if an alliance between Prussia and Austria would secure the peace of Europe, and is the event which Russia and France dread.

The conspiracy against the reigning dynasty in Spain is more extended and deeply rooted than was at first surmised, and flying columns are scouring the disaffected districts to prevent open insurrection. The announcement that disaffection prevailed in the navy was well founded, for it has been ascertained that a plot was hatched on board the frigate *Villa de Madrid* to embark the exiled Progressists and generals at the Azores and Canary Islands and land them on the Spanish coast.

A Portuguese Cabinet has been formed which appears likely to prove effective. This Ministry seems inclined to favour the Reactionists in Spain. The Lisbon papers have at that time British man-of-war has seized one of the Portuguese slave stations on the coast of Africa, imprisoning the guard.

Judgment has been passed upon the persons convicted of complicity in the murder of Prince Michael of Servia. Fourteen were condemned to death, and others to long terms of imprisonment. The condemned men were shot on the 27th inst.

The United States Congress adjourned on Monday till the 21st of September. According to medical statistics upwards of 300 deaths from sunstroke occurred within the metropolitan districts of New York within three days prior to the 16th inst. The Senate has passed a Bill authorising the issue 25,000,000 dollars in Three per Cent. Currency Loan Certificates for the redemption of outstanding compound interest notes. The Senate has also passed a bill extending the United States territorial laws to Alaska.

When Lord Eldon resigned the Great Seal, a small barrister said, "To me his loss is irreparable. Lord Eldon always behaved to me like a father." "Yes," remarked Brougham, "I understand he always treated you like a child."

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Hongkong, Monday Evening.

There has been some little inquiry to-day for Bengal Drug from native sources. Patna has been placed at $620 cash, and $622½ to $625 on credit. Benares $617½, and Malwa $550 to $555, with reduction in weight. The following are the closing rates:—Patna, $620 to $622½; Benares, $617½; Patna 8th sales to arrive, $622½; Malwa, $550 to $555, with more sellers than buyers, on cash terms.

The Chinese appear to be purchasing Singapore goods to some extent, and to supply their wants for the present from this source, on account no doubt of cheapness; the quality, however, of such goods is quite below the standard of this market. There has been little or nothing doing among foreigners. A few transactions in Raw Cotton are reported at fair prices, but the rush that continued for a few days last week appears to have quite subsided. The following Piece Goods are all of Singapore cargo, and comprise the transactions reported to-day: 200 pieces White shirtings at $4.70, 500 pieces 7 lbs. T-Cloths at $2.35, 700 pieces Turkey Red at $3.70, and 800 pieces 7 lbs. Grey Shirtings at $2.55, and 207 bales Bombay Cotton at $19 to $20. One of the great causes of the present stagnation throughout all branches of business is the scarcity of money. The arrival of the *Japan* was rather hopefully looked for to bring the desired relief, but her arrival this morning with only $230,000 in treasure for this port has settled the question, and Exchange goes up. Dollars are particularly scarce in the colony, and the small accommodation there is is said to be in the hands of one bank. Sterling Exchange is quoted this afternoon 4/7½, with the market tending upward. The absence of speculation and the tightness of money has put a stop to business in Shares.

SALES ON SEPTEMBER 7TH, 1868.

As reported by Chinese.

Bombay Cotton, 106 bales, at $20.00, by foreign merchant to Wing-wing-cheong.

Bombay Cotton, 50 bales, at $19.70, by D. Parson, Sons & Co. to Kin-hing-cheong.

Bombay Cotton, 51 bales, at $19.25, by Parsee merchant to Man hing.

Cotton Yarn, No. 40, 10 bales, at $127.50, by Hung-foong to Chueu-cheong-lai.

Cotton Yarn, No. 16-24, 35 bales, at $105.00, by Hung-foong to Cantoa merchant.

Grey Shirtings, 7 lbs., 200 pieces, at $2.55, by Hung-foong to Chinchow merchant.

White Shirtings, 7-lbs., 200 pieces, at $4.70, by Hung-foong to Chinchow merchant.

Drills, (30-inch), 400 pieces, at $3.15, by Hung-foong to Chinchow merchant.

Turkey Red Shirtings, 200 pieces, at $3.75, by Hung-foong to Hongkong merchant.

T-Cloth, 7-lbs., 500 pieces, at $2.35, by Hung-foong to Amoy merchant.

Turkey Red Shirtings, 500 pieces, at $3.70, by Hung-foong to Hongkong merchant.

Yarn, 500 bags, at $1.86, by Hung-foong to Hongkong merchant.

Almonds, 60 bags, at $24.10, by Yuen-foong to Canton merchant.

Black Rice, 500 picals, at $1.73, by Yuen-foong to Canton merchant.

White Wax, 2 pieces, at $375.00, by Yee-wo-cheong by retail.

Dried Lily Flowers, 30 bales, at $11.50, by Yee-wo-cheong to travelling merchant.

Almonds, 10 bales, at $23.50, by Yee-wo-cheong to travelling merchant.

Fungus, 10 bales, at $33.50, by Yee-wo-cheong to travelling merchant.

Black Sesamums, 200 picals, at Tls. 1.75, by Yee-hoa to Chinchow merchant.

Rice, 10 picals, at Tls. 17.8.0., by Yee-hoa to Hongkong merchant.

Sugar Candy, 220 bags, at $9.40, by Yuen-cheong to Canton merchant.

Yellow Beans, 200 picals, at $1.84, by Hop-hing to Hongkong merchant.

Vermicelli, 80 picals, at $9.10, by Hop-hing to Hongkong merchant.

Liquorice, 50 picals, at $7.50, by Hop-hing to travelling merchant.

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

THE connection of Mr. L. P. WARD with our firm ceases from this date.

THOS. HUNT & Co.

1m 1542 Hongkong, 29th August, 1868.

DURING the absence of Mr. V. LAVOISIER from China, our Hongkong Branch will be under the direction of M. ALFRED FEVEZ who signs our firm per procuration.

P. & P. BERODE FRERES.

3m 1514 Lille, 3rd July, 1868.

NOTICE.

I HAVE this day established myself as a Public Accountant, Average Adjuster, and General Commission Agent.

C. LANGDON DAVIES.

2, Club Chambers, Hongkong.

1st July, 1868. tf 1243

NOTICE.

MR. WILHELM HÜLSE having this day been admitted a partner, the business of Public Tea Inspector and Commission Agent will in future be carried on under the style and firm of

MESTERN & HÜLSE.

C. J. MESTERN.

3m 1233 Canton, 1st July, 1868.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of Mr. FRANCIS PARSYOND Mr. THOMAS SMITH in our firm, ceased on 31st December, 1867, from which date the Partners are Mr. CHARLES WILSON MURRAY, Mr. ARTHUR SMITH, and Mr. THOMAS PYKE.

BIRLEY & Co.

1m 1116 Hongkong, 17th June, 1868.

MR. HENRY LISTON DALRYMPLE is authorised to sign our Firm per procuration, at Foochow, from this date.

BIRLEY & Co.

tf 1031 Hongkong, 2nd June, 1868.

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

MR. F. C. GOLTERMANN is authorised to sign our Firm per procuration from this date.

MÜLLER & CLAUSSEN.

tf 1024 Hongkong, 3rd June, 1868.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of Mr. RICHARD B. PARK in our Firm, ceased on the 31st March, 1868.

ALFRED WILKINSON & Co.

tf 747 Hongkong, 17th April, 1868.

NOTICE

MR. J. MURRAY FORBES is authorised to sign our name at Canton from this date.

RUSSELL & Co.

Chinn, 15th February, 1868. tf 356

FROM and after this date Mr. GEORGE F. BOWMAN will act as Agent of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company at this Port.

S. L. PHELPS, *Agent.*

tf 1389 Hongkong, 15th August, 1867.

NOTICE.

THE Business hitherto conducted in my name, shall hereafter be carried on under the style and firm of

E. JUBIN & Co.

and Mr. GEORGE BLAKEWAY is admitted a partner therein.

E. JUBIN.

Yokohama, 17th June, 1868.

NOTICE.

WE have this day established a branch of our Firm at Hiogo, at which Port Mr. CHARLES BRAESS is authorized to sign for us per procuration.

E. JUBIN & Co.

In 1673 Yokohama, 17th June, 1868.

NOTICE.

THE Partnership hitherto existing between JOHN A. T. MEADOWS and W. S. WADMAN, at Chefoo, under the Style and Firm of MEADOWS & Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent.

All accounts relating to our Firm must be realized to Messrs. HOLMES, WADMAN & Co., Chefoo, as soon as possible.

MEADOWS & Co.

Chefoo, 11th July, 1868.

NOTICE.

WE have this day entered into a Co-partnership for the purpose of carrying on business at this port as General Commission Agents and Merchants, under the Style and Firm of HOLMES, WADMAN & Co.

M. G. HOLMES.
W. S. WADMAN.

1m 1599 Chefoo 11th July, 18 8.

NOTICE.

MY BUSINESS, as SHIP and INSURANCE BROKER, COMMISSION AGENT, &c., originally carried on by myself, will henceforward be conducted under the style or firm of J. S. HOOK, SON & Co.

J. S. HOOK.

tf 2176 Hongkong, 23rd September, 1867.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned and Mr. NOWROJEE HORMUSJEE, of Hongkong, as General and Commission Merchants, under the style of A. TAMOOJEE & Co. is this day dissolved by the retirement of the said Mr. NOWROJEE HORMUSJEE, as per his application of 25th instant.

ASPUNDEARJEE TAMOOJEE.

1m 1483, Amoy, 31st July, 1868.

WITH reference to the above, I beg to inform the public that I have this day established myself at this Port as a General and Commission Merchant, in my own name and on my own account.

ASPUNDEARJEE TAMOOJEE.

Amoy, 1st August, 1868.

I HAVE established myself at this port, as a GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, under the style and firm of GIFFORD F. PARKER & Co.

GIFFORD FORBES PARKER.

Saigon, 20th December, 1867. [tf 50

NOTICE.

WE have this day admitted Mr. CRAWFORD DAVIDSON, Jun., as a partner in our Firm in Formosa. Mr. S. GODFREY BIRD ceases to sign the Firm per procuration from this date.

DODD & Co.

tf 381 Tamsui, 1st January, 1868.

Vessels on the Berth.

STEAM TO
SWATOW, AMOY, AND FOOCHOW

THE P. & O. S. N. Co's steamship

"AZOF"

will leave for the above places at 10 A.M. TO-MORROW, the 9th instant, instead of the time previously advertised.

W. MADDALLAY, *Superintendent.*

P. & O. S. N. Co's Office.
Hongkong, 8th September, 1868. [2d 1691

FOR SHANGHAI.

THE American steamer

"FUNG SHUEY,"

Capt. J. B. Hildreth, will have immediate dispatch, as above.

For Freight and Passage, apply to

OLYPHANT & Co.

tf 1675 Hongkong, 3rd September, 1868.

NAGASAKI, *Direct.*

THE A 1 British barque

"DON PEDRO II,"

Captain Laurance, will have immediate dispatch for the above port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

LANDSTEIN & Co.

tf 1688 Hongkong, 5th September, 1868.

FOR SAIGON.

THE A 1 French Ship

"EMILIE,"

363 tons Register, Piesse, Master, will meet with quick dispatch.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

G. DUBOST & Co.

tf 1616 Hongkong, 27th August, 1868.

FOR MANILA.

THE Spanish Barque

"MARIA ROZARIO."

Aurtorncho, Master, will have quick dispatch for the above port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

REMEDIOS & Co.

tf 1695 Hongkong, 26th August, 1868.

FOR MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY.

THE British Barque

"UNION,"

Capt. Birkinshaw.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

ROZARIO & Co.

4w 1592 Hongkong, 24th August, 1868.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

THE A 1 British barque

"STAG,"

will be dispatched for the above port on or about the 20th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

REYNVAAN BROTHERS & Co.

tf 1586 Hongkong, 15th August, 1868.

FOR NEW YORK.

THE A 1 American brig

"NELLIE HASTINGS,"

466 Tons Register, Hall, Master, having a portion of her cargo engaged, will lead here and at Whampoa for the above port, and have quick dispatch.

For Freight, apply to

OLYPHANT & Co.

tf 1389 Hongkong, 28th July, 1868.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE A1 British Barque

"ALBERT VICTOR."

Capt. Marshall, of about 380 tons Register.

Apply to

CARLOWITZ & Co.

tf 1621 Hongkong, 27th August, 1868.

FOR SALE, FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE American Barque

"POWHATTAN,"

442 Tons Register.

For particulars, apply to

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 1638 Hongkong, 29th August, 1868.

Vessels Loading.

DESTINATION	VESSEL'S NAME	CAPTAIN	AT	FOR FREIGHT APPLY TO	TO BE DISPATCHED.
NEW YORK	Nellie Hastings	Hall	Hongkong	Olyphant & Co	Quick dispatch.
MELBOURNE & SYDNEY	Union	Birkinshaw	Hongkong	Rozario & Co	Quick dispatch.
SAIGON	Emile	Piesse	Hongkong	G. Dubost & Co	Quick dispatch.
MANILA	Maria Rozario	Aurtorncho	Hongkong	Remedios & Co	Quick dispatch.
YOKOHAMA	Stag		Hongkong	Reynvaan Brothers & Co	Quick dispatch.
NAGASAKI	Don Pedro II	Laurance	Hongkong	Landstein & Co	Quick dispatch.
Do.	Fung Shuey (str.)	J. B. Hildreth	Hongkong	Olyphant & Co	Quick dispatch.
SHANGHAI AND YOKOHAMA	Ganges (str.)		Hongkong	P. & O. S. N. Co	To-day, at 4 P.M.
SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW	Azof (str.)		Hongkong	P. & O. S. N. Co	To-morrow, at 10 A.M.

For Sale.

SAYLE & Co.,

VICTORIA EXCHANGE.

DRAPERS, SILK MERCERS
OUTFITTERS, AND LACEMEN.

Have now some special novelties in
WHITE MUSLIN JACKETS,
FRILLED SKIRTS,
LAPPETTS, TIES, CAMBRIC SETS,
AND
LACE GOODS.

A large selection of
FRENCH PRINTED MUSLINS AND CAMBRICS.

The Silk and Dress Departments comprise a variety of

GLACÉS, POULTS, POPLINS,
POULLARDS, AND FANCY STUFFS,

which in quality and style are unsurpassed in the East.

The Evening Department is replete with the richest

GAUZE-DE-CHAMBERYS,
GRENADINES,
TARLETAN AND BROCHE ROBES,
PEPLUM SHAWLS
AND
OPERA CLOAKS.

LADIES' AND JUVENILE,
UNDER-CLOTHING,
CORSETS, CRINOLINES,
CHILDREN'S BRAIDED ROBES AND PELISSES.

The MILLINERY and DRESSMAKING ROOMS, being under the management of Two EXPERIENCED West End Assistants, every advantage is afforded of combining the NEWEST DESIGNS with EXPERIENCE and TASTE.

tf 201 Hongkong, 8th February, 1868.

SAYLE & Co.,

VICTORIA EXCHANGE.

Have received, ex Mail Steamer *Ewan*,
Every size in
WHITE KID GLOVES.

The latest styles in
FRENCH ROBES.

A choice assortment of
FRENCH FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.

The leading Fashions in
MILLINERY, BONNETS, AND TRIMMED HATS.

tf 1526 Hongkong, 14th August, 1868.

NOTICE.

SELLING OUT.

THE Undersigned beg to call the attention of Ship Masters and the general Public, that from and after this date they will sell the whole of their immense Stock at

COST PRICES.

The above STOCK consists of SHIP CHANDLERY in all its detail, House and Cooking UTENSILS, OILMAN'S STORES of every description, Dinner and Breakfast SETS, and White Crockery WARE, CABOOSES, SCALES, CUTLERY, PLATED WARE, Carpenters, Blacksmiths, and Machinists' TOOLS, Rather PLATES and Angle IRON, PAINTS, OILS, TAR and VARNISH, BRANDY, WHISKEY, GIN, Rhine and English WINES, LIQUEURS, &c., &c., &c.

THOS. HUNT & Co.

1m 1533 Hongkong, 15th August, 1868.

JUST RECEIVED.

LADIES' BONNETS,
FOULARD SILKS, in great variety for Short and Long Dresses.
Black LACE JACKETS.
Ladies' BOOTS, and various other articles.

ALEX. BOYER,

Corner of Wellington and D'Aguilar Streets

tf 838 Hongkong, 4th May, 1868.

J. AND E. TENNENT'S ALE and PORTER.

DAVID COESAR & SONS'

Merchant Navy
Navy Boiled
Long Pins
Crown
} CANVAS.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

tf 1130 Hongkong, 11th May, 1867.

FOR SALE,

YELLOW Metal, 18 to 28 oz., Muntz and Vivian's JOHN BURD & Co.

tf 870 Hongkong, 6th April, 1868.

JUST ARRIVED, AND FOR SALE.

A BISCUIT MACHINE; complete. Apply to

A. MILLAR.

tf 1349 Hongkong, 22nd July, 1868.

FOR SALE.

PAUL DOMECQ'S SHERRY, bottled by Henry Ritchie, in 2 dozen Cases.
Paul Domecq's PORT, bottled by Henry Ritchie, in 1 dozen Cases.

G. HOGG & Co.

tf 1593 Hongkong, 11th August, 1868.

FOR SALE.

A FEW Cases of very Superior SHERRY, just received ex *Channel Queen*.

A Superior Amontillado SHERRY, in 3 dozen Cases.
A Superior Oloroso SHERRY, in 3 dozen Cases.
An Extra Superfine SHERRY, in 2 dozen Cases.
A Quarter-casks (Casod) Superior Oloroso
Apply to SHERRY.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

tf 159 Hongkong, 23rd January, 1868.

PER MAIL "*EMEU*"

WHITE and Coloured KID GLOVES.
Ladies', Gentlemen's, and Children's HATS.
Lace JACKETS, MANTLES, FICHUS, &c. &c.
Dress MATERIALS, in all kinds.
Furniture DAMASKS, REPS, FRINGES, TRIMMINGS, &c.
Table COVERS, BOOTS, &c.
TOYS, CROQUET, GAMES, &c.

M. GARRETT,
MILLINERY AND DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,
Queen's Road.

tf 1525 Hongkong, 14th August, 1868.

FOR SALE.

PRINTING PAPER.

HESSSE & Co.

tf 1148 Hongkong, 20th June, 1868.

SOLAH TOPEES

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

tf 1050 Hongkong, 8th June, 1868.

NOW READY

THE HOUSEHOLD COMPANION AND STUDENT'S FIRST ASSISTANT.

By Dr. DEVAN, with many Additions, Corrections, and Dr. WILLIAMS' Orthography.

PRICE: In Paper Wrappers, $1.50
Neatly Bound, $2.00
Apply at the *Daily Press* Office.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

THE following WINES, &c., of superior quality, in lots to suit purchasers:—
Eugene Cliequot dry CHAMPAGNE, in Pints and Quarts.
Sillery Mousseux, } CHAMPAGNE.
Carte Noire, }
A. de Luze and Fils CLARETS, Pints and Quarts.
Villanyi CLARET, Quarts.
CHABLIS.
BURGUNDY.
Liebfraumilch,
Josephdorfer Abstich,
Rudesheimer
Fleur de Moselle.
} HOCK.
Superior Old PORT in 1 dozen cases.
Superior dry Pale SHERRY in 1 and 3 dozen cases.
Bass's ALE, Quarts and Pints.
Barclay's STOUT, Quarts and Pints.
Hennessy's BRANDY, in 1 dozen cases.
A. de Luze and Fils BRANDY, in 1 dozen cases.

Apply to

CARLOWITZ & Co.

tf 1344 Hongkong, 22nd July, 1868.

MACEWEN & Co.,

13, *Queen's Road*,

HAVE just received an assortment of HENRY'S CANVAS, Nos. 1 to 4, HENRY'S SAIL TWINE, and HUBBUCK'S PAINTS and OILS.

Special attention is directed to BASS'S ALE and GUINNESS'S STOUT, Bottled by THE LONDON AND BURTON BOTTLED BEER COMPANY, Which has so long given every satisfaction to consumers in the Colony.

A varied assortment of WINES, BRANDY and LIQUEURS.

Fine Old Manila and Cavite CHEROOTS and CIGARS.

OILMAN'S STORES, HAMS, CHEESE, PRESERVED MEATS, and every description of SHIP'S STORES, always on hand at reasonable rates.

Ships, Messes, and Families—supplied with PURE GROUND COFFEE, of very superior quality, in 1 lb., 2 lbs., 10 lbs., and 20 lbs. packages.

Also,

Roasted and Raw COFFEE BEAN.

IRONMONGERY AND HOLLOWWARE.

OFFICE STORES AND FIRE GRATES.

GLASS, CHINA, & CROCKERYWARES.

And,

A new and extensive stock of ELECTRO-PLATE, Tea Trays, Cruet Stands, Cake Dish Covers, Curry Dishes, Spoons and Forks, Fish Knives, &c., &c.

1m 1577 Hongkong, 21st August, 1868.

FOR SALE, at the China Sugar Refinery, *Tea-lead*, SUGAR of the finest Crystals equal, if not superior to the English Loaf.

Also, GOLDEN SYRUP, double refined, in quantities to suit purchasers.

For prices and all particulars apply to Messrs. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., who are appointed sold agents for Hongkong.

WAHEE & Co.

China Sugar Refinery.
East Point, 13th August, 1868. tf 1515

FOR SALE.

20 000 Cubic Feet MANILA TIMBER, to arrive per French Barque *Lucifer*. Apply to

REYNVAAN BROTHERS & Co.

tf 395 Hongkong, 27th February, 1868.

FOR SALE.

THE Undersigned offer for sale, at very moderate prices, a choice Assortment of fine flavored Rhenish WINES, viz:—

GENUINE JOHANNESBERGER CABINET.
STEINBERGER CABINET
MARCOBRUNNER CABINET.
SCHARLACHBERGER.
LIEBFRAUENMILCH.
NIERENSTEINER, in quarts and pints.
JO RISESCHOPER.
RUDESHEIMER BERG.
SELTZER WATER, in quarts and pints.

Also,

Suinart Père & Fils CHAMPAGNE, in quarts and pints.
GASPAR TESTULATS, in quarts and pints.
PERRIER JOUET, in quarts and pints.
JULES MUMM, in quarts and pints.
Adolph Collins' BOUZY MOUSSEUX.
Adolph Collins' BOUZY CABINET.
EUGENE CLIQUOT.
Duc de Montebello CORDON, in quarts and pints.
SPARKLING HOCK.
After Dinner CLARET, in pints.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 1380 Hongkong, 27th July, 1868.

NOTICE.

SELLING OFF, AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES.

THE Undersigned being desirous of closing consignments, offer to the Public 3,000 Cases of CLARETS and French WHITE WINES, comprising ordinary good, fine, and finest Flavoured CLARETS, WHITE WINES, CHABLIS, &c., which they will sell at *extremely low prices*.

BREAKFAST CLARETS:

Margaux Medoc	$2.75	per dozen.
St. Julien	4.00	"
St. Emilion	4.50	"
Chateau Margaux	5.00	"

DINNER AND AFTER-DINNER CLARETS:

Haute St. Emilion	$7.00	per dozen.
Pontet Canet	7.50	"
Vray Cannon	8.00	"
Chateau La Rose	10.00	"
Crème Fils	12.00	"
Haute Brun	9.00	"
Chateau Lafite	12.00	"
Branne Mouton	12.00	"

WHITE WINES:

Haute Sauterne	$3.50	per dozen.
Haute Barsac	4.00	"
Chateau d'Yquem	5.00	"
Chateau d'Yquem de Marquis de Surbalence	10.00	"
Dry Chablis, in Champagne bottles	5.50	"

BURGUNDY WINES

Chambertin	13.00	"
Clos de Vougeot	13.00	"
Volney	12.50	"
Pommard	10.00	"
Nuits	9.00	"
Beune	8.50	"
Hermitage Rouge	8.50	"

All these WINES are guaranteed of sound quality.

Purchasers of 20 cases and upwards will receive an extra discount.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 1381 Hongkong, 27th July, 1868.

NOTICE.

SELLING OFF!! SELLING OFF!!

THE Undersigned being about to leave Hongkong, begs to notify that the whole of his valuable stock of

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELLERY,
AND
FANCY GOODS,

by the best London and Continental makers, will be sold from this date at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

C. HOCKSTETTER.

tf 1330 Hongkong, 20th July, 1868.

FOR SALE.

MANILA HARD WOOD, consisting of MOLAVES, BAMABAS, ARANGAS, and other descriptions. Apply to

LANDSTEIN & Co.

tf 1502 Hongkong, 12th August, 1868.

For Sale.

Ex "Jubilee" and Inst "Overland Mail."

MISS ROSE

HAS received a choice and well selected Assortment of Ladies trimmed and untrimmed HATS, BONNETS, Black Lace SHAWLS, Cluny Lace SHAWLS and MANTLES, Decagonal SUNSHADES, Rich Moire ANTIQUES, Gro, Grains, and Flannel SILKS, White and Coloured PIQUES, ALPACAS, DE-LAINES, MOHAIRS, Black and Figured GRENADINES and MUSLINS, in great variety.

Satin RIBBONS, in all shades, also handsome Sash RIBBONS.

Coloured and Black Dress and Mantle TRIMMINGS, in all the newest designs.

Gents Christy's HATS, latest styles, Straw HATS, BOOTS, &c. Boys Straw CAPS and HATS, &c., &c.

WELLINGTON STREET,
Opposite the Catholic Church.

tf 1427 Hongkong, 1st August, 1868.

EX STEAMER "*REIVER*."

CALCUTTA SOLAR HATS.

MÜLLER & CLAUSSEN.

tf 1310 Hongkong, 16th July, 1868.

EX "*SCAWFELL*," & LATE ARRIVALS.

A WELL assorted Stock of Ready-made CLOTHING for the present Season, still being sold off for Invoice prices.

MÜLLER & CLAUSSEN.

tf 1311 Hongkong, 16th July, 1868.

FOR SALE,

ex "*SCAWFELL*."

ELLWOOD'S HELMETS.
CHRISTY'S FELT AND STRAW HATS.

TURKISH AND HUCKABACK TOWELS.

SUMMER DRAWERS.
UNDER VESTS, AND SOCKS.

GAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS.
THREAD GLOVES.

DAWSON'S BOOTS AND SHOES.

MERINOS, ALPACAS, FLANNELS,
TWEEDS, DRILLS, DUCKS,
MARCELLA & QUILTED VESTINGS.

MULLER AND CLAUSSEN,

10, *Queen's Road.*

tf 1167, Hongkong, 24th June, 1868.

FOR SALE BY A. MACDONALD & CO.,

West Point, near the Gas Works.

BOILER PLATES of the undermentioned sizes:—

Length 60, 70 and 80 Inches.
Breadth 24, 30 and 36
Thickness ¼ and ½ Inch.

Also,

A quantity of superior Pitch Pine FLOORING, 25 to 40 feet in Length, planed on one side, Tongued and Grooved.

1m 1511 Hongkong, 10th August, 1868.

MUNTZ'S YELLOW METAL, 20 to 28 oz. and NAILS. Apply to

SIEMSSEN & Co.

3m 1335 Hongkong, 18th July, 1868.

TATHAM'S BRANDY in 1 doz. cases.
" SHERRY " 3 "
" PORT " 2 "
" CLARET 1 "

BIRLEY & Co.

FOR SALE.

SUPERIOR CAVITE CIGARS and CHEROOTS.

REMEDIOS & Co.

tf 1078 Hongkong, 19th June, 1868.

FOR SALE.

MUNTZ'S YELLOW METAL, 20/28 ozs. and NAILS. Apply to

HOLLIDAY, WISE, & Co.

tf 1408 Hongkong, 15th June, 1867.

FOR SALE A Set of Double PONY HARNESS very complete, and handsome, best London make. Price $80.

Apply at the Office of this Paper.

JUST LANDED AND FOR SALE.

A SMALL Useless Invoice, a trial shipment for China market, of the following Calcutta well prepared CHUTNIES, in cases of one dozen each, consisting of Nasoberry Mango sliced, Bengal Club, Cashmere, Lucknow, and Bombay Chutnies, of really good and first quality.

Also,

Delicious Guava JELLY in Jars, and Guava CHEESE in Tins.

Apply to WM. SHAW,
At Messrs. JARDSON & BARTON,
Hough Street.

tf 1379 Hongkong, 21st August, 1868.

FOR SALE.

CHAMPAGNE, ADOLPHE COLLIN'S and L. JAUNAY & Co.'s Association Vinicole.
CLARET, Red CHATEAU MARGAUX.
Do. HAUT, BAGES.
Do. L. EPARNE DUBOC.
BRANDY, HENNESSY'S and MARTELL'S, in 1 dozen Cases.
BEER and PORTER, in Bottle.
BUTTER, (PLATE'S) in Kegs.

Also,

A quantity of IRON COLUMNS, Yellow METAL, 20/28 ozs., with NAILS. Apply to

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

tf 1298 Hongkong, 13th December, 1867.

FOR SALE.

THE desirable PROPERTY on *Queen's Road*, lately occupied by Messrs. SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.

For particulars, apply to

SMITH, ARCHER & Co.

tf 2032 Hongkong, 10th December, 1867.

FOR SALE.

THE Publications of the LONDON MISSION PRESS, at Shanghai.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

tf 1

Extracts.

The Last Hours of the Commons.

(From the "News of the World.")

The life of the present House of Commons is passing away; its hours are numbered, but its departure will be attended with no regrets, and not a tear will be shed over its remains. When the doors are closed against its constituent parts, then scattered abroad, the thoughts of the Kingdom will be absorbed in the consideration of a new representative body, whose character shall be above reproach, and that will exercise its constitutional functions as the guide and controller of Government in an intelligent and liberal spirit, keeping in view throughout its course of legislation the interests of the people rather than the convenience of party, and winning thereby the admiration, the confidence, and the gratitude of all. We must confess that in the reported speeches and published addresses of candidates for the honour of election to the new Parliament there are no indications perceptible of the superior genius and the lofty patriotism which the interest and the facilities of the occasion should call forth. It may be too soon to expect these certain marks of fitness, but delays are proverbially dangerous, and the proper men if they hold back for a better regulated time, may find the ground occupied and the electors pledged in a manner which forbids the possibility of release. Mr. Cardwell spoke the other day in terms of confidence of the actual representation of the people that had been effected, apparently under the impression that legislation on the Reform question was so perfect that no errors or abuses of importance could arise; but we apprehend it will be found that something more has to be done before the happy result is accomplished. Mr. Cardwell's enthusiasm may possibly be reduced by deficiencies that will have to be supplied, and by instances of corruption and intimidation that will have to be corrected, for which the only efficient remedy is the ballot.

It is admitted that a great measure is so perfect in its first shape as to require no addition or amendment, and the demon of political bribery is of such a Protean character, and so subtle, ell-like, and intricate in its movements, that it may not be entirely overcome by the legal machinery Mr. Disraeli proposes to establish for its discomfiture. At the first election under the new Reform Act, it is likely there will be at least a willingness to do more extensive bribery than before, because there will be such large additions to the constituencies that the agents of corruption and the gentleman who supply them with the golden means, will have to find out the character of the new electors' patriotism, and what amount of money, if any, is required to make them sensible that the politics of the candidates are indentical with their own. "When at the last election," an evening paper has observed, "a thousand votes were given for one candidate, and only five hundred for another; the most sanguine agent will hesitate before he undertakes to convert such a minority into a majority. But in 1868 everybody will be more or less in the dark. No one can be quite sure about the effect of the Reform Bill in any given constituency, and no one will have any data by which to determine where money may be usefully laid out and where not. The check of obvious hopelessness is therefore completely withdrawn. Besides this, there are many men who will bribe or connivat bribery on this occasion who would have nothing to say to it at another time." Thereare passions aroused and interests to be served for which the greatest efforts will be made, and electors who desire nothing but steady and intelligent justice will have to reflect deeply upon the probable tendencies of their votes, lest they should be carried away by an enthusiasm for some particular object, and find, after that is achieved, their candidate is not to their liking, and only the nominal "representative" of their opinions.

The chief of the election cries will have reference to the proposed disestablishment of the Protestant Church in Ireland, but the Liberal constituencies whilst giving support to that measure would act unwisely if they were to limit their requirements to that one alone. There is so little room for apprehension indeed, in this respect, the general feeling of the country being that justice should be done to Ireland, that it is not necessary the public spirit should be engrossed by this topic, while others of importance were neglected, and thus surrendered into the hands of our enemies. For instance, there is the excessive Government expenditure; Whigs and Tories both being liable to the reproach of having withstood demands from time to time for retrenchment. In the year 1864 the national expenditure was £31,855,000, but in 1867 it rose to £33,383,000, without including the cost of the Abyssinian war. This fact, the significance of which should be impressed upon every constituency, we find noticed in only one of the addresses which have been issued with reference to the coming election. It is absurd to plead that the nation is able to support the large expenditure the figures indicate; for it is not a question of what the people can afford to pay, but what in justice they ought to pay. Money is taken by taxation which should be allowed to fructify in the people's pockets. Excessive establishments are supported, and departments heavily salaried and pensioned, when the means should be used to increase the comforts and happiness of the people. A satisfactory settlement of the Irish question is a desirable thing; but so also is a retrenchment of the national expenses; the first we are sure of, but the other is obtainable only through a strenuous and resolute determination on the part of the newly-enfranchised population to return candidates that will earnestly strive to obtain it.

The state of the Army is another topic too much neglected. We have a military force numerically smaller than any one of the great European powers, and its cost is nearly equal to that of the largest. The War department requires to be rigidly investigated, and from what Colonel Jervis stated in the House a few nights ago, there is a disposition to keep things as they are. Lord Strathnairn's committee recommended the appointment of a Controller-in-Chief, and when Sir Henry Storks was appointed to the post it was thought such a revision would take place of the efficiency and cost of the departments as would afford entire satisfaction. Government had found the right man for the right place, and the result was looked for with confidence. The public would seem to have been too fast in arriving at conclusions. The right man had been found, but the War-office was not willing. "Having secured one of the greatest men," said Colonel Jervis—"having got him to arrange the whole scheme as perfectly as it could be done, they appeared to turn round upon him and say they did not want him any more." When Lord de Grey was at the head of the War-office he very properly brought forward the question, and recommended that the administrative departments of the War-office, which were under a dozen different heads, should be brought under the control of one chief. The officers in that position would *bonâ fide* have the control of four-fifths of the whole expenditure; and it might well be thought that the Secretary of State would regard him as his right-hand man, his chief adviser. Lord Strathnairn's committee was of the same opinion, and the result was Sir Henry Storks' appointment. Subsequently, however, the Lords of the Treasury declared that they had reconsidered the matter, and were of opinion the Controller-in-Chief should not have the rank of permanent Secretary of State, and that his functions should be kept entirely distinct from those of the financial department. "If that was the case," said Colonel Jervis, "better not have such an officer;" and the public will think so too, Captain Vivian, also expressing the general opinion, said that "for the last ten or twelve years the War Department had been remarkable for confusion, extravagance, and blundering," and it was with some feeling of relief the appointment of Lord Strathnairn's committee was regarded. "There was a desire on the part of the country that the Army should be more economically and efficiently administered. The changes which Sir Henry Storks had proposed would tend to a greater concentration of responsibility and a better division of labour than under the present system. The effect of those changes out of doors would be to place the various supply departments under one responsible chief, who would be answerable to the officer in command as far as discipline was concerned, but who would be answerable to the Secretary of State for War through the Controller-in-Chief of his departmental administration." But the right man was too much of a surprise in the right place. "Was he to be set aside?" asked Colonel North. "Did the Secretary for War and the Chancellor of the Exchequer suppose Sir Henry Storks would submit to such treatment? The Government might say there was no desire to get rid of him, if the minute meant anything, it meant—'We will get any one we can thing, it meant—'We will get any one we can to take the post, and we will treat Sir Henry Storks as an occasional waiter.' Sir Robert Napier, as had been said, owed much of his success to the absolutness of his control; what he wanted he ordered, and what he ordered he got; but the Treasury set out with two 'kings of Brentford, and all he had to say was, Heaven help them from confusion." Sir John Pakington thinks it "impossible for any head of a department to be absolutely independent;" but the great achievement of Sir Robert Napier overwhelms this mere opinion. We have referred to these matters as they show how advisable it is that the constituencies who are about to make a new House of Commons should take a large view of the circumstances of the administration of public affairs, and seek for candidates who will address themselves with vigour to more subjects than one, with which the feelings and interests of the nation are associated.

Courtship and Marriage in the Bush.

Absurd and disgusting as some of their practices are, there are traits in the character of the Bushmen in these parts which are much to be admired. Degraded as they are in the scale of humanity, and even in the eyes of their superiors amongst the native races, their morals are in general far in advance of those that obtain among the more civ lised Bechuanas. Although they have a plurality of wives, which they also obtain by purchase, there is still love in all their marriages, and courtship among them is a very formal and, in some respects, a rather punctilious affair. When a young Bushman falls in love, he sends his sister to ask permission to pay his addresses. With becoming modesty, the girl holds off in a playful, yet not scornful or repulsive manner, if she likes him. The young man next sends his sister with a spear, or some other trifling article, which she leaves at the door of the girl's home. If this be not returned within the three or four days allowed for consideration, the Bushman takes it for granted that he is accepted, and gathering a number of his friends, he makes a grand hunt, generally killing an elephant or some other large animal, and bringing the whole of the flesh to his intended father-in-law. The family now riot in the abundant supply, and having consumed the flesh and enjoyed themselves with dance and song, send an empty but clean bowl to the young man's friends, who cash put in their mite, either an axe or spear, some beads, or trinkets. After this the couplemare proclaimed husband and wife, and the man goes to live with his father-in-law for a couple of winters, killing game, and always laying the produce of the chase at his feet as a mark of respect, duty, and gratitude. For the father-in-law a young man always entertains a high regard, but after marriage he shuns his mother-in-law, never perhaps speaking to her again for the whole of his life; and there seems to be a mutual inclination between them to avoid each other. The same feeling exists on the part of the bride towards her father-in-law.—*Travels in the Interior of South Africa.* By James Chapman, F.R.G.S.

Houses, Lands, Tenements, &c.

TO LET.

TO BE LET.

THE DOUBLE STORE, WITH SHOP FRONT,

Adjoining the HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

Inquire of A. S. WATSON & Co.

tf 1676 Hongkong, 3rd September, 1868.

TO BE LET.

IN ONE OR TWO SUITES,

Suitable for Offices or Residence.

The entire upper Floor of the

HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

tf 1677 Hongkong, 3rd September, 1868.

TO LET.

THE HOUSE, No. 15, *Staunton Street*, at the East Corner of *Graham Street*, containing 7 Rooms, with Cook House, Coach House and Stabling in the rear. Possession can be had on the 1st October next.

Apply to J. H. COX,

Messrs. Turner & Co.,

41, Queen's Road.

tf 1634 Hongkong, 2nd September, 1868.

TO LET.

THE first Floor of the House, No. 10, *Queen's Road*. Possession can be had on the 1st October next. Apply to

MULLER & CLAUSSEN.

tf 1653 Hongkong, 1st September, 1868.

TO LET.

ONE or Two Rooms, in the best part of *Wyndham Street*. Furnished. Apply to

THOS. W. BARRINGTON,

No. 53, Wyndham St.

2w 1654 Hongkong, 1st September, 1868.

FOR STORAGE OR TO LET.

ONE large dry Godown, situated on the *Praya*, next to Messrs. Wm. Pustau & Co. Apply to

L. PRICKEL & Co.,

Queen's Road, No. 43.

tf 1641 Hongkong, 29th August, 1868.

TO LET.

THAT delightfully situated detached residence, known as the "Hut," situated in *Castle Road*, containing 5 Rooms, Bath-rooms, store-room, Garden, &c. Water and Gas laid on. Possession immediate. Apply to

THOS. W. BARRINGTON,

53, Wyndham Street.

2w 1628 Hongkong, 28th August, 1868.

TO LET.

THE House, No. 8, *Pottinger Street*, opposite HOTEL D'EUROPE, 4 Rooms, &c. Water laid on.

TO LET.

The 3 Roomed House, No. 1, *Arbuthnot Road*, Out Offices and large Yard, &c.

TO LET.

That 5 Roomed House, corner of *Elgin Street* and *Caine Road*. Rent moderate.

Apply to

THOS. W. BARRINGTON,

53, Wyndham Street.

2w 1629 Hongkong, 28th August, 1868.

TO LET.

THE west half of the Dwelling House on *Coins Road*, known as the "Hermitage."

Apply to

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 1615 Hongkong, 27th August, 1868.

TO LET.

THE whole of the upper part of the house on *Peddar's Wharf*, at present occupied by the undersigned.

Possession on the 15th Proximo.

THOS. HUNT & Co.

tf 1612 Hongkong, 26th August, 1868.

TO LET.

THE 10-Room House, "Harperville," situated immediately in rear of the *Albany*; water laid on. Cook-house and Stables detached.

Apply to

PAWCETT & Co.

tf 1215 Hongkong, 2nd July, 1868.

TO LET.

THREE Spacious GODOWNS, suitable for Storing Dry Goods; also a Fireproof Godown, capable of containing 1000 chests of Opium. Situated in the most central part of *Queen's Road*. Apply to

J. E. ROSE, *Secretary,*

Hongkong Hotel Co., Limited.

tf 1319 Hongkong, 14th August, 1868.

TO LET.

From 1st October next.

THAT handsome BUNGALOW, No. 11, situated in rear of the *Albany*, now in possession of the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, containing six large Airy rooms and Bath-rooms, Servants' Rooms, Stables and Cook-house detached, water and gas laid on, lately painted and repaired; commanding a thorough view of the Harbour, a nice garden in front, with a water fountain; rent moderate.

For particulars, apply to

B. ARDASIR, COOPER & Co.,

Near Messrs. JOHN BURD & Co.'s.

tf 1421 Hongkong, 1st August, 1868.

TO LET.

OFFICES, either furnished or unfurnished, situate on the Ground-floor in Bank Buildings, immediately opposite the New "HONGKONG HOTEL."

For particulars apply on the premises, to

EDMUND SHARP,

Solicitor.

tf 1109 Hongkong, 18th June, 1868.

STORAGE FOR COMBUSTIBLES.

THE Undersigned is prepared to STORE, now and after 6th July,

PETROLEUM,

in an isolated Godown in *Wanchi*, and

SALTPETRE,

in an isolated Godown in *Wanchi*,

in accordance with the notice of the Insurance Companies.

CHARLES RIVINGTON,

3, Stanley Street.

3m 1086 Hongkong, 12th June, 1868.

To Let.

HOUSES TO LET.

IN various Parts of Hongkong. A list of HOUSES with *rise, locality* and *terms* can be seen at No. 53, *Wyndham Street*.

THOS. W. BARRINGTON.

tf 642 Hongkong, 11th March, 1867.

TO LET.

TWO HOUSES on *Caritas Terrace*, Spring Gardens, with or without Godowns. Rent moderate. Apply to

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 2061 Hongkong, 6th September, 1867.

TO LET.

THE business premises formerly occupied by Messrs. ARNHOLD, KARBERG & CO., consisting of Dwelling House, Offices, and spacious Godowns.

Possession to be had on the 1st March.

Apply to

JOHN BURD & Co.

tf 373 Hongkong, 24th February, 1868.

TO LET.

TWO HOUSES on *Peddar's Hill*, each containing Four Rooms, with Out-houses attached. Water and gas laid.

For particulars, apply to

H. PESTONJEE SETNA,

At Messrs. P. & A. C. CAMAJEE & Co.'s Office, *Queen's Road.*

tf 118 Hongkong, 17th January, 1868.

TO LET.

THE PREMISES situated in *Queen's Road* and *Stanley Street*, and at present occupied by Messrs. H. MARSH & Co.

For particulars, apply to

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 2062 Hongkong, 6th September, 1867.

TO LET.

FOR a term of years, with early possession, those desirable premises in Bank Buildings situated between the Agra Bank and Comptoir d'Escompte, at present in the occupation of the Bank of Hindustan, China, and Japan. The principal building is very suitable for division into Offices or Chambers.

For further particulars, apply to

GILMAN & Co.

tf 697 Hongkong, 17th April, 1867.

TO LET.

THE OFFICES, situated in *Queen's Road*, formerly occupied by Messrs. LYALL, STILL & Co. Apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.

3m 1111 Hongkong, 16th June, 1868.

LIGHTERAGE AND STORAGE.

THE Undersigned will undertake to land Cotton, Rice, Coals, and other Merchandise in their own Boats, and to receive the same into their Godowns free of charge GRANITE GODOWNS on moderate terms.

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.

tf Hongkong, 4th March, 1867.

NOTICE.—TO LET.

THE desirable PREMISES on the *Queen's Road*, lately in the occupation of the ASIATIC BANK.

For particulars, apply to

SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.

tf 926 Hongkong, 19th May, 1868.

STORAGE FOR OPIUM.

THE Undersigned is prepared to STORE Opium, in a first-class Granite Godown on the *Praya Central*.

CHARLES RIVINGTON,

3, Stanley Street.

3m 1087 Hongkong, 12th June, 1868.

TO LET.

ENGLISH Commodious HOUSES, situated in *Morrison Hill*, commanding a thorough View of the Harbour, with Stables, &c.

Apply to

THOMAS WALLACE,

East Point Godowns.

tf 1013 Hongkong, 8th June, 1868.

TO BE LET.

NEW and Strong GODOWNS, *C* and *E*, on Marine Lot No. 62. Apply to

GALVIN THOMSON.

At GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.'s.

tf 2926 Hongkong, 17th December, 1867.

TO LET.

TWO HOUSES, situated in *Queen's Road West*, suitable either for Offices or Dwellings. Possession can be had on the 1st prox. Apply to

A. G. HOGG & Co.

tf 598 Hongkong, 9th April, 1868.

TO BE LET.

THE OFFICE and GODOWN situated at the corner of Wellington and Aberdeen streets, and at present in the occupation of Messrs. BARNHORST and SANDER.

For particulars apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON AND Co.

tf 869 Hongkong, 7th March, 1867.

Insurances.

ALBERT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1838.

CAPITAL £500,000.

SHANGHAI AGENTS IN CHINA,

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.,

HONGKONG.

MEDICAL REFEREE,

IVOR MURRAY, ESQ., M.D.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Managing Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept risks and issue Policies on Life Assurances.

For further particulars, forms of proposals &c., apply to

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.,

Managing Agents in China.

tf 1416 Hongkong, 15th June, 1867.

NOTICE.

IMPERIAL FIRE OFFICE.

FROM and after this date the following rates will be charged SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month	¼ of the annual rate
Above 1 month, and not exceeding 3 months	¾ do. do.
Above 3 months, and not exceeding 6 months	¼ do. do.
Above 6 months the full annual rate.	

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,

Agents, Imperial Fire Insurance Company

tf 675 Hongkong, 7th April, 1868.

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER, AND LONDON.

Capital—ONE MILLION STERLING.

THE Undersigned have the pleasure to announce the appointment of Messrs. HOLLIDAY WISE & Co., as Agents for this Insurance at Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Hankow, and Foochow, who are prepared to grant Insurances at Current Rates, and of whom all needful information may be obtained.

By Order of the Board

JAMES B. NORTHCOTT,

Secretary.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

FOR Insuring Houses and other Buildings, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in Port, Harbours, or Dock, and the Cargoes of such Ships; also, Ships Building and Repairing; Barges and other Vessels on Navigable Rivers and Canals, and Goods on board such Vessels, throughout Great Britain and Ireland, and in FOREIGN COUNTRIES, FROM LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.

The Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies against FIRE to the extent of $60,000 on any one First Class Risk.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1867.

AT the request of the Undersigned, Messrs GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co. have taken temporary charge of the following INSURANCE COMPANIES:—

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL, LONDON, AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

LONDON AND PROVINCIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

UNIVERSAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED

SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.,

Agents.

tf 1555 Hongkong, 3rd July, 1867.

Insurances.

YANG-TSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF SHANGHAI.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Secretaries and Agents of this Association, are prepared to issue Policies upon Marine Risks at current rates of premium. Policies can be made payable in London, New York, Bombay, Calcutta, Singapore, Hongkong, Foochow and Shanghai.

In addition to the usual brokerage, this Association returns to the assured of each year at the close of each current year, fifteen (15) per cent. of the profits of the Company for that year, divided pro rata to the amount of premium paid by each policy-holder.

RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, November, 1862.

PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY. SAN FRANCISCO.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant POLICIES against Fire on Buildings and Goods, at current rates.

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 386 Hongkong, 7th February, 1867.

PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in China for the above INSURANCE COMPANY, are prepared to grant Policies covering Marine Risks at the Current Rates.

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 578 Hongkong, 2nd March, 1867.

BATAVIA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong for the above-named Company, are prepared to grant Policies against Sea Risks at current rates.

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 1022 Hongkong, 1st April, 1865.

OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LONDON.

INCORPORATED 1859.

CAPITAL, £1,000,000.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept Marine Risks and issue Policies at current rates.

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

tf 1351 Hongkong, 7th June, 1867.

AMICABLE INSURANCE OFFICE.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Insurance Office, are prepared to accept MARINE RISKS, and issue Policies on any First-class Sailing Vessels or Steamers on the usual terms, payable in case of loss, in China, Singapore, Calcutta, Bombay or London.

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.

tf Hongkong, 8th October, 1863.

MERCHANTS' MUTUAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY. SAN FRANCISCO.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, $500,000.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong and China for the above Company, are prepared to grant POLICIES at current rates.

OLYPHANT & Co.

tf 1832 Hongkong, 10th August, 1867.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

Detached & semi-detached Dwelling Houses, removed from town, and their contents.	½ per cent. per annum
Other dwelling Houses, used strictly as such, and their contents.	¼ "
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents.	¼ "

GILMAN & Co.,

Agents, North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

tf 893 Hongkong, 7th March, 1868.

REDUCTION

In the rates of premium for

FIRE INSURANCE.

THE Undersigned have the pleasure to intimate to their Insurance Clients (vide Circular dated 14th October last) received authority from the Secretary of the Royal Insurance Company to reduce the rate of Premium under certain circumstances, on private residences and on Furnitures and effects therein contained.

In cases of Dwelling Houses removed from the town the rate of premium will be three-quarters per cent. in place of one per cent. per annum as hitherto charged, and in cases of Residences situated being detached or semi-detached the rate will be further reduced to one-half per cent.

The Royal's annual rates for Fire Insurance on the various classes of Buildings and their contents will therefore remain as follows until further notice, viz:—

Detached & semi-detached Dwellings Houses (removed from the town)	½ per cent.
Other Dwelling Houses (similarly situated) and their contents	¾ per cent.
Offices and Godowns and their contents	¾ per cent.
First Class China Houses and their contents.	¼ per cent.

Other Risks by Special arrangement.

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.,

Agents, Royal Insurance Company.

tf 714 Hongkong, 9th November, 1866.

NOTICE.

FROM and after this date the following rates will be charged for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

For one month	¼ of the annual rate.
Above 1 month, and not exceeding three months.	do. do.
Above 3 months, and not exceeding six months.	½ do. do.
Above six months the full annual rate.	

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.

tf 677 Hongkong, 7th April, 1868.

NOTICE.

FROM and After this date the following rates will be charged for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

For one month	¼ of the annual rate.
Above 1 month, and not exceeding three months.	do. do.
Above 3 months, and not exceeding six months.	½ do. do.
Above six months the full annual rate.	

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,

Agents Alliance Fire Assurance Company.

tf 678 Hongkong, 7th April, 1868.

THE QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL,—TWO MILLION STERLING.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant POLICIES against Fire, to the extent of £10,000, on Buildings or on Goods stored therein.

MORGAN, LAMBERT & Co.

tf 853 Hongkong, 22nd May, 1868.

LIFE ASSURANCE

THE Undersigned have received authority, by a recent Mail, to issue LIFE POLICIES for amounts not exceeding £3,000 without reference to the Head Offices, as was previously required by the Board.

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.,

Agents, Royal Insurance Company.

555 Hongkong, 7th January, 1866.

LONDON AND PROVINCIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong for the above Company, are prepared to grant Marine risks at current rates.

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

tf 471 Hongkong, 6th March, 1868.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION.

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS for the above CORPORATION are prepared to grant FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE on the usual terms.

HOLLIDAY, WISE, & Co.

tf 3025 Hongkong, 29th December, 1867.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

UNTIL further notice the following Annual Rates will be charged for Fire Insurance, viz:—

Detached & semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from town, and their contents.	½ per cent
Other dwelling Houses, used strictly as such, and their contents.	¾ per cent.
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents.	¾ per cent.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,

Agents Imperial Fire Insurance Company

tf 894 Hongkong, 7th March, 1865.

Insurances.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE THE FIRST, A.D. 1720.

HEAD OFFICE IN LONDON

No. 7, Royal Exchange, Cornhill, E.C.

WEST END OFFICE—*No. 7, Pall Mall, S.W.*

RICHARD BAGGALLAY, Esq.—*Governor.*

JAMES BLYTH, Esq.—*Sub-Governor.*

EDWIN GOWER, Esq.—*Deputy-Governor.*

DIRECTORS.

Nathaniel Alexander, Esq.	Harry George Gordon, Esq.
John Alves Arbuthnot, Esq.	A. C. Guthrie, Esq.
Henry Bonham Bax, Esq.	John Alex. Hankey, Esq.
Edward Budd, Esq.	Lewis Huth, Esq.
Alfred D. Chapman, Esq.	Charles Lyall, Esq.
Mark Wilks Collet, Esq.	John Ord, Esq.
Sir Frederick Currie, Bart.	Capt. R. W. Pelly, R.N.
E. G. Dalgety, Esq.	David Powell, Esq.
Benamy Dobree, Esq.	William Scanlis, Esq.
John Entwisle, Esq.	Sir F. Robertson, Bt. M.P.
G. L. Monck Gibbs, Esq.	W. Boyes Watson, Esq.
Robert Gillespie, Esq.	Restock Pocock Wilson, Esq.

SECRETARY.

JOHN LAURENCE, Esq.

The CORPORATION of the LONDON ASSURANCE have appointed Agents for the issue of Policies for Marine Assurance in INDIA and CHINA as under:—

Bombay—Messrs. EWART, LAWRIE & Co.

Madras—Messrs. ARBUTHNOT & Co.

Calcutta—Messrs. MACKILLOP, STEWART & Co.

Hongkong—Messrs. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Shanghai—Messrs. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Foochow—Messrs. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Mauritius—Messrs. BETH BROTHERS & Co.

The undersigned are prepared to issue Policies of the CORPORATION of the LONDON ASSURANCE, payable either here, in LONDON, at any of the above-named Agencies, and also at

Melbourne, Victoria—

Messrs. DALGETY, BLACKWOOD & Co.

Launceston, Tasmania—

Messrs. DU CROZ, NICHOLS & Co.

Hobart Town—

Mr. LAVINGTON HOOPE.

Adelaide, S. Australia—

Messrs. RIDDEL, SMITH & Co.

Sydney, New S. Wales—

Messrs. FANNING, GIMPTHIS & Co.

Dunedin, Otago, New Zealand—

Messrs. DALGETY, HATTRAY & Co.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

tf 146 Hongkong, 31st January, 1868.

LONDON AND ORIENTAL STEAM TRANSIT INSURANCE OFFICE.

137, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.

JAMES HARTSHORN & Co.—*Managers.*

ESTABLISHED 1843.

THE Undersigned is authorised to accept risks on behalf of this Office, by First Class Steamers.

W. MACAULAY, *Agent*

tf Hongkong, 1st July, 1867.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above Company in Hongkong, are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of $60,000 on Buildings, or on Goods stored thereon.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

tf Hongkong, 24th August, 1864.

NOTICE.

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

THE following rates will be charged in future for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month	¼ of the annual rate.
Above 1 month, and not exceeding 3 months	¾ do. do.
Above 3 months, and not exceeding 6 months	½ do. do.
Above 6 months the full annual rate.	

GILMAN & Co., *Agents,*

North British & Mercantile Insurance Company

tf 698 Hongkong, 7th April, 1868.

NOTICE.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE following rates will be charged in future for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month	¼ per cent.
Above 1 month, and not exceeding 3 months	¾ "
Above 3 months, and not exceeding 6 months	½ "
Above 6 months the full annual rate of	¾ "

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.,

Agents, Royal Insurance Company.

tf 674 Hongkong, 7th April, 1868.

FORBES & Co.'S CONSTITUENTS INSURANCE COMPANY,

AND

BOMBAY INSURANCE COMPANY

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Companies, are prepared to accept risks on the usual terms.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

tf 399 Hongkong, 26th February, 1868.

Insurances.

CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company at this port, are prepared to accept Marine Risks at current rates.

HOLMES, WADMAN & Co.

1m 1369 Chefoo, 5th August, 1868.

UNION OF HAMBURG UNDERWRITERS

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents at Hongkong for the Union of Hamburg Underwriters.

All documents to substantiate claims against these Underwriters must be certified by us, or they will not be recognized.

(Signed) ELLES & Co.

tf 1562 Amoy, 8th August, 1868.

NOTICE.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE following rates will be charged in future for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month	¼ per cent.
Above 1 month, and not exceeding 3 months	¾ "
Above 3 months, and not exceeding 6 months	½ "
Above 6 months the full annual rate.	

MORGAN, LAMBERT & Co.,

Agents the Queen Insurance Company.

tf 954 Hongkong, 22nd May, 1868.

NOTICE.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

FROM and after this date the following rates will be charged for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding one month	¼ of the annual rate.
Above one month, and not exceeding three months	½ do. do.
Above three months, and not exceeding six months	¾ do. do.
Above six months the full annual rate.	

TURNER & Co.,

Agents.

tf 717 Hongkong, 13th April, 1868.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents at Hongkong, Canton, and Macao, for the UNION OF HAMBURG UNDERWRITERS, and beg to draw attention to §35-68 and §127-141 of the "Allgemeine Versicherungs Bedingungen von 1867," according to which all documents to substantiate claims against the Union of Hamburg Underwriters must be certified by the Agents, or they will not be recognized.

SIEMSSEN & Co.

3m 1123 Hongkong, 26th June, 1868.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

FROM and after this date the following rates will be charged on SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month, and not exceeding 3 months	¼ of the annual rate.
Above 3 months and not exceeding 6 months	¼ do. do.
Above 6 months the full annual rate.	

GILMAN & Co., *Agents,*

North British & Mercantile Insurance Company

tf 693 Hongkong, 7th April, 1868.

HAMBURG BREMEN, FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are now authorized to accept Insurance against Fire at Hongkong and at any of the open ports in China to the amount of Mexican $30,000 on one Risk.

FRASER & Co., *Agents.*

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1864.

NOTICE.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.

FROM and after this date the following rates will be charged on SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month	¼ of the annual rate.
Above 1 month but not exceeding 3 months	¾ do. do.
Above 3 months but not exceeding 6 months	½ do. do.
Above 6 months the full annual rate.	

A. G. HOGG & Co.,

Agents, Fire Office.

tf 676 Hongkong, 9th June, 1868.

Insurances.

DE OOSTERLING

SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BATAVIA.

SAMARANG SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAMARANG.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong, for the above-named Companies, are prepared to grant Policies against Sea Risks on the usual terms.

SIEMSSEN & Co.

tf 1676 Hongkong, 3rd August, 1868.

NOTICE.

GUARDIAN ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1821.

CAPITAL £2,000,000.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above Company for Hongkong and Canton, are prepared to grant Policies at current rates.

OLYPHANT & Co.

tf 1325 Hongkong, 17th July, 1868.

JAVA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents at *Hongkong* and *Canton* for the above company, are prepared to grant Policies against Sea Risks at current rates.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

6m 1390 Hongkong, 28th July, 1868.

NOTICE.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION.

THE following rates will in future be charged on SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month	¼ per cent.
Above one month, and not exceeding 3 months	¾ "
Above 3 months, and not exceeding 6 months	½ "
Above six months, the full annual rate.	

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.,

Agents.

tf 687 Hongkong, 8th April, 1868.

Business Announcements.

PRIVATE BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT,

AT MESSRS. T. HART & CO.,

No. 3, Queen's Road East.

Close to the Parade Ground.

Charges very moderate.

tf 1488 Hongkong, 10th August, 1868.

THE EMPORIUM OF FASHION

NEW TONSORIAL SALOON.

THE Undersigned beg to notify their Friends, and other European Residents of Hongkong, also to the commanders and officers of the Navy and Mercantile Marine, that they have Removed their establishments to MARSE'S BUILDING, next door to the Hongkong Dispensary, where those who honour them with their Patronage will always find them ready to give every attention.

The rooms are on the first-floor, the one used for Cutting Hair and Shaving, &c., is fitted up with two Elegant chairs. The great attraction of this room is a Magnificent Black Walnut Wardrobe, topped with Massive Marble, with a newly invented Shampoo Shower; this is a novelty, and one which will conduce materially to the comfort to Patrons of this Establishment, and is also fitted with all the essentials which comfort and advance of the time render necessary; it is the most complete in this colony, well Ventilated, and has been pronounced by those who have visited the Rooms, Complete and Elegant.

LIST OF PRICES.

Hair Cutting	50 Cents.
Shaving	25 "
Shampooing	25 "

Mr. Wagner will be prepared to call at the residence of any Lady or Gentleman requiring his services, who may find it inconvenient to visit the establishment, on receipt of a chit to that effect.

Thanking you for past favors, and trusting to meet with a renewal of the same.

We have the honor to remain, S